Reference Document on Transparency in the Transport Sector



Measurement, Reporting and Verification of Greenhouse Gas Emissions



Experiences with GHG Baselines and Monitoring in the Transport Sector

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12 December 2018

COP24 side event: GHG baselines, monitoring methodologies and tools to support MRV at national level



On behalf of:



of the Federal Republic of Germany

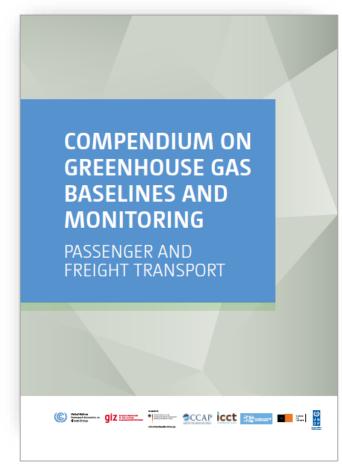




Transport Volume of the Compendium

- 1. Intra-urban mass rapid transit investments
- 2. Comprehensive urban transport programmes
- 3. Vehicle efficiency improvement programmes
- 4. Alternative fuels incentives
- 5. Inter-urban rail infrastructure
- 6. Freight transport infrastructure investments to shift mode
- 7. National fuel economy standards
- 8. Fuel pricing policies













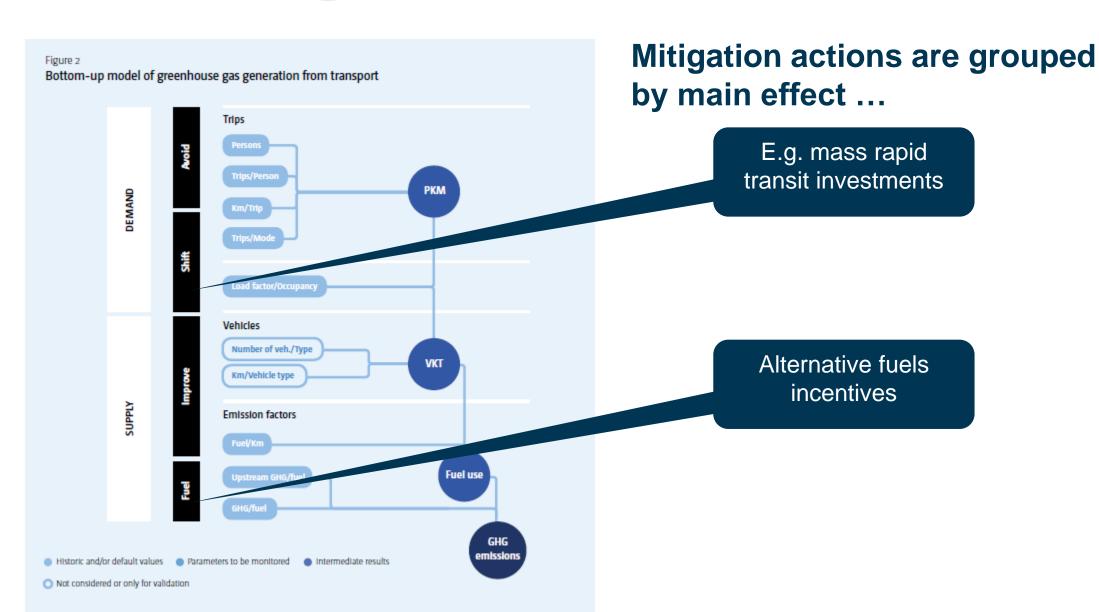




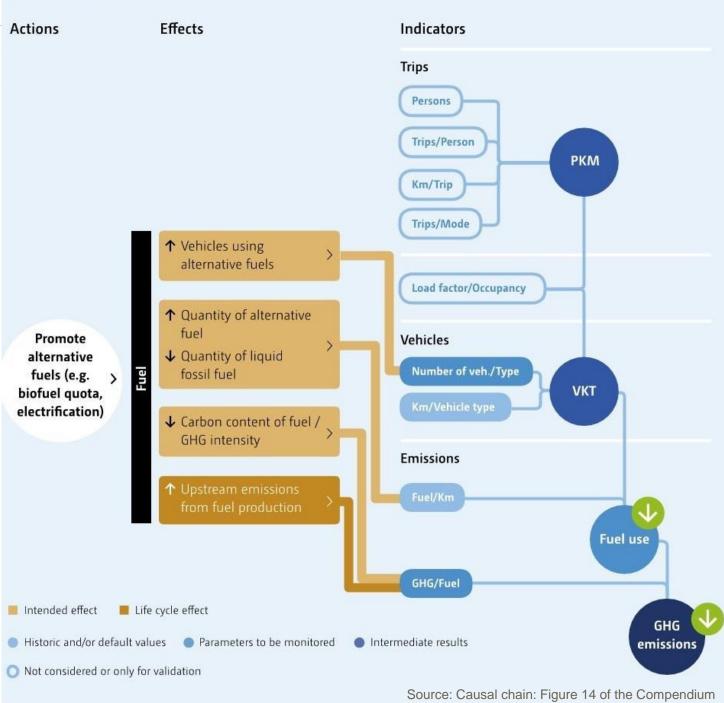








Alternative fuels incentives causal chain





For each action a causal chain is used to illustrate the main effects at a glance

Shows the variables that are targeted by the mitigation action components and how they should be affected

Figure 3
Mapping life cycle GHG emissions in the transport sector

Main impact (usually to be monitored)

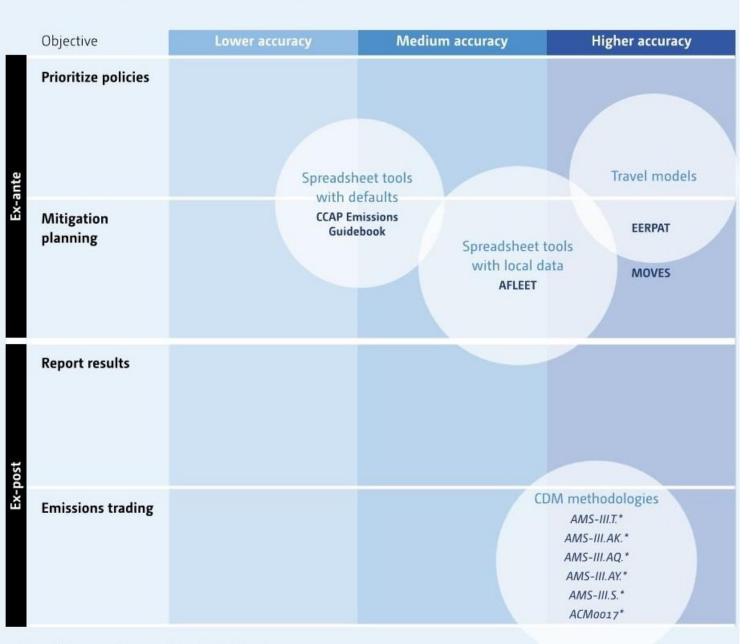
	Upstream	Activity/Operation	Downstream		
Vehicle	Emissions from vehicle production e.g. materials, energy use	Activity/Structure (AS) travel distance (VKT) fleet composition mode split Intensity (I) energy efficiency load, speed and traffic conditions	Emissions from vehicle scrapping and disposal e.g. energy use, leaked refrigerants		
Fuel	Emissions from fuel production e.g. refineries, power plants	Emissions from fuel combustion (F) by fuel type (and carbon content)			
Infrastructure	Emissions from infrastructure construction e.g. materials, energy use	Emissions from infrastructure usage e.g. maintenance and operation of stations/terminals	Emissions from infrastructure dismantling e.g. energy use		



System boundaries

Additional impact (usually defaults or only rough assessment)

Navigating classes of available methods and associated tools for alternative fuels mitigation actions





Guidance is provided on the selection of analysis tools

Navigation maps help users judge

- Level of accuracy of the tool
- Objective of analysis
- Nature of tool

In addition to the maps the Volume also has a tabular guide and descriptions





Tabular guides on the selection of analysis tools provide more detail...

Disaggregate emissions models for alternative fuels mitigation actions

Ease of use/data collection: Highly resource and data intensive

Name	Application / summary	Scope	Developer	Methodology documentation	Data collection guidance	Defaults provided	Cost of tool
MOVES	Emissions model	Requires VKT and speed inputs	US EPA	Very good	Fair	Defaults for USA – allows user input for other areas	Free
EERPAT	Non-spatial disaggregate model	Includes emissions module	US Federal Highway Administration	Very good	Good	Defaults for USA – allows user input for other areas	Free
AFLEET	Emissions and costs model for fleets	Fleet data and fuel costs	Argonne National Laboratory	Good	Good	Defaults for USA including WTW upstream emissions	Free

The Volume has a tabular guide and descriptions of all existing tools for each mitigation action type

Source: Disaggregate emissions models: Table 29 of the Compendium





Joint webinar series on the Transport Volume

- 6 webinars held so far
- All recordings can be found at:

https://www.changingtransport.org/webinar-series-onmethodologies-for-baselines-andmonitoring-in-the-transport-sector/







Methodologies for GHG Baselines and Monitoring in the Transport Sector

Joint UNFCCC Secretariat / GIZ Webinar Series

Alternative Transport Fuels

31 July 2018

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GIZ's Guidance on MRV in Transport







2015: Navigating Transport NAMAs: Handbook (Chapter 2: MRV)

→ Offers practical advice on NAMA selection, MRV, finance and registration. It builds upon a high number of examples

2016: Reference Document on MRV in Transport (new updated 2018 version)

Guidance on how to develop comprehensive and consistent national systems for MRV of transport related emissions

2017: Bottom-Up GHG Inventory and MRV of Measures

→ Explains synergies and limitations of using transport sector bottom-up GHG inventories for the MRV of measures

2017: Compendium on GHG Baselines and Monitoring

→ Guidance on available methodologies for MRV of transport mitigation actions

2018: A Beginners Guide to Emissions Accounting in Transport

→ Introduces key principles for quantifying GHG emissions in transport and literature





GIZ tools for quantifying emissions



TrIGGER: Transport Inventory and Greenhouse Gas Emissions Reporting Tool

→ A simple bottom-up spreadsheet model to calculate national transport GHG inventories. Developed with the Institute for Environment and Energy (IFEU).

https://www.changing-transport.org/tool/trigger/



FESET: Fuel Economy Standards Evaluation Tool

→ A spreadsheet tool to calculate emission reductions from the introduction of new light duty vehicle fuel economy or CO₂ standards. Developed by the International Council for Clean Transportation (ICCT).

https://www.changing-transport.org/tool/feset/



Example applications – Inventory Tool TRIGGER in Vietnam



Total road transport emission: 29,8 Mt CO₂ (=90% of total transport emissions in Vietnam in 2015).

1/3 of road transport emissions in Vietnam result from motorcycles!

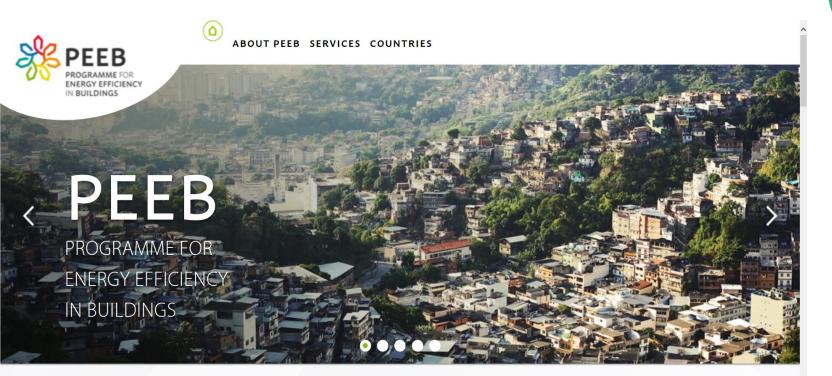
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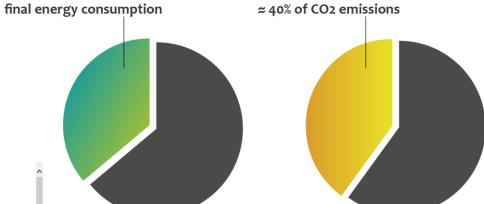




Other relevant Sectors:

Buildings and Construction Sector



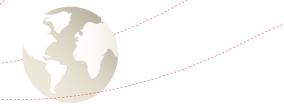


36% of the global

Programme for Energy Efficiency in Buildings - PEEB

German and French Programme to support countries to reduce GHG in the buildings and construction sector

www.peeb.build





Thank you!

Get in touch if you have further questions:

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