

The significance of loss and damage at COP16

State of UNFCCC negotiations on discussions of loss & damage

A civil society perspective

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Loss & Damage

- **Question: What do we do with those climate impacts where adaptation is not possible?**
- **Concept of Loss & Damage**
- **Ways to address them as part of a comprehensive package in adaptation**

Status quo in the negotiation

Option 1: Establishes an international mechanism to address [social, economic and environmental] loss and damage associated with climate change impacts in developing countries that are particularly vulnerable to the adverse effects of climate change, , including impacts related to extreme weather events and slow onset events, through risk management, insurance, compensation and rehabilitation;

Decides to elaborate modalities and procedures for the international mechanism to address loss and damage, for adoption by the Conference of the Parties at its seventeenth session;

Option 2: Agrees on the need to strengthen international cooperation and expertise to address [social, economic and environmental] loss and damage associated with climate change impacts in developing countries that are particularly vulnerable to the adverse effects of climate change, including impacts related to extreme weather events and slow onset events, including through risk management and insurance, as appropriate;

Requests Parties to explore whether risk management mechanisms may need to be established or enhanced at subnational, national, regional and international levels, as appropriate;

MCII: Adaptation, risk reduction and insurance

- **Strong signal by international community to take the problem serious**
- **Negotiation-process from here to COP17 to flesh out details on the concept of addressing loss&damage**
- **Collecting lessons & learnt, use partnership to advance understanding and prove solutions to address climate risks from macro to micro-level**