





UNFCCC Side Event Compendium on GHG Baselines and Monitoring

Pierre Guigon World Bank Bonn, Germany – May 24, 2016

Partnership for Market Readiness (PMR)

The PMR provides support to countries to design and implement a range of climate change mitigation policies and cost-effective measures – including carbon pricing instruments – in order to scale up GHG mitigation.

Supported activities

- Provide grant funding to improving technical and institutional "readiness", including work on GHG registries; Monitoring, Reporting and Verification (MRV) systems, data collection and management tools, and regulatory frameworks
- Support piloting and testing of innovative market instruments (e.g., emissions trading schemes (ETS), carbon tax and new crediting mechanisms)
- Provide a platform for technical discussions and knowledge creation, country-to-country exchanges, and collective innovation on new market instruments
- Share lessons learned & best practices with the International community







Provide grant funding to build policy, regulatory and institutional readiness for GHG mitigation Pilot cost-effective instruments (e.g., domestic emissions trading schemes, carbon tax, new crediting mechanisms)

Provide a platform for technical discussions, South-South exchange, and collective innovation

Create and share lessons learned and best practices





PMR Scope

- Scope of the PMR has also evolved over time, now focuses on
- **1.** Emissions Trading Schemes
- 2. Carbon Taxes
- **3.** Scaled-up Crediting
- 4. Offsets







PMR Technical Work Program







Compendium on GHG Baselines and Monitoring

- PMR is leading two chapters
 - Manufacturing industries & construction
 - Cross sectoral activities
- Work on manufacturing & construction chapter started
- Expected to be ready by September 2016
- Purpose
 - Different baseline approaches are needed for different purposes
 - Provide options for baseline approaches and discusses their pros and cons on different levels of aggregation and under different national circumstances





Manufacturing & construction: Emission sources







Manufacturing & construction: Categorization of mitigation actions

Energy Efficiency

- Use of more efficient equipment
- Improve processes

Fuel switch

- Use Renewable energy
- Use of waste gas
- Use of Cleaner fossil fuels

Change in feedstock

- Use of non-GHG feedstock
- Clinker, ammonia, etc.
- Use of renewable energy



- Recover metals
- Recovery of materials during process





Abatement of emissions

- N2O in nitric and adipic acid
- SF6 and PFCs in semiconductors

Manufacturing & construction: Levels of analysis

- Project/installation/facility level
- Intermediate level: aggregated/sub-sector
 - E.g. Installation of new biomass boilers for all residential, commercial and industrial sectors
- National level
 - E.g. National industry energy efficiency programs
 - E.g. National standards to promote EE measures in Industry





Structure of analysis of baseline approaches



Analysis of Information

- Drivers for emissions
- Boundaries of the actions
- Identification of emission sources
- □ Assumptions used
- Identification of baseline scenario
- Data availability
- Calculation of baseline emissions
- Monitoring
- Uncertainties
- Example





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