# The Power Grid for the Future Experience from California

Vice-Chair Siva Gunda November 12, 2022



### California COP 27 Energy Delegation



Alice Reynolds President California Public Utilities Commission



Cliff Rechtschaffen Commissioner California Public Utilities Commission



Siva Gunda Vice-Chair California Energy Commission



Leuwam Tesfai Deputy Executive Director for Energy & Climate Policy California Public Utilities Commission



Elizabeth Huber Director for Siting, Transmission, & Environmental Protection California Energy Commission

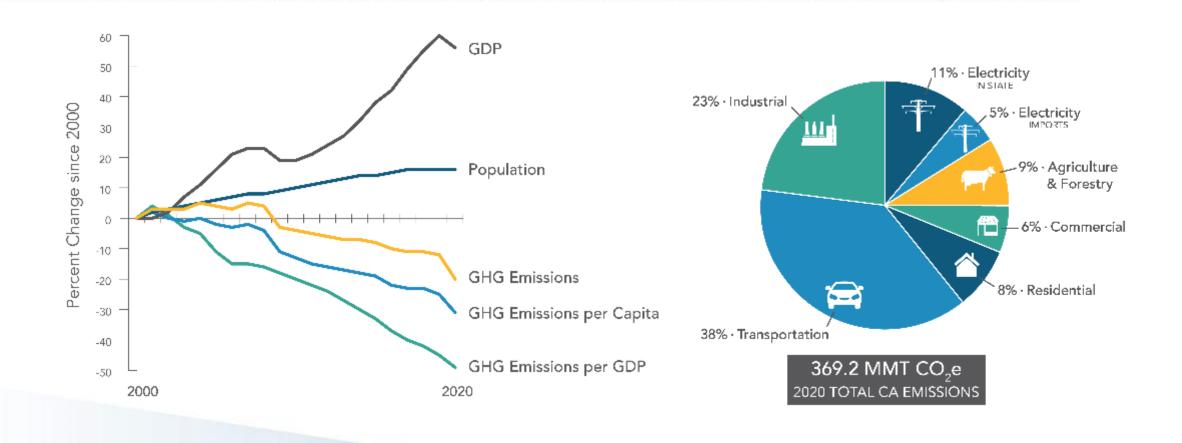


Sean Simon Chief of Staff to Commissioner Rechtschaffen California Public Utilities Commission

### California's Climate Policy Framework

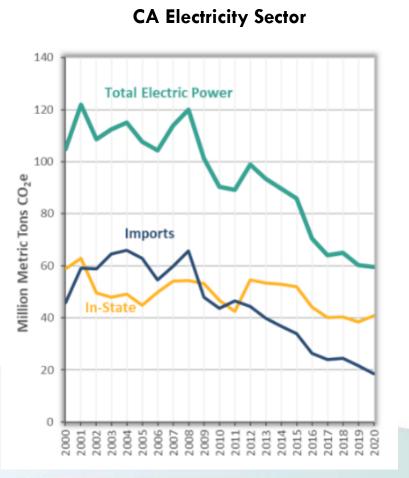


### California's GHG Trends



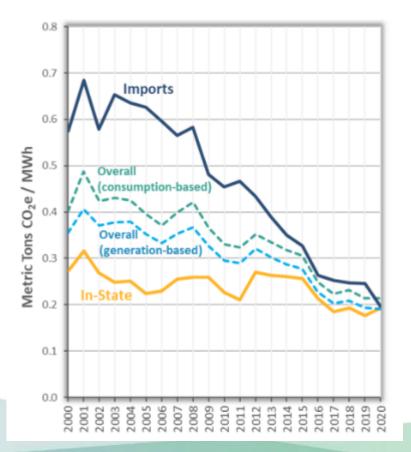
Source: 2022 Edition, California Greenhouse Gas Emission Inventory: 2000-2020

### Electricity Sector Improvements 2000-2020



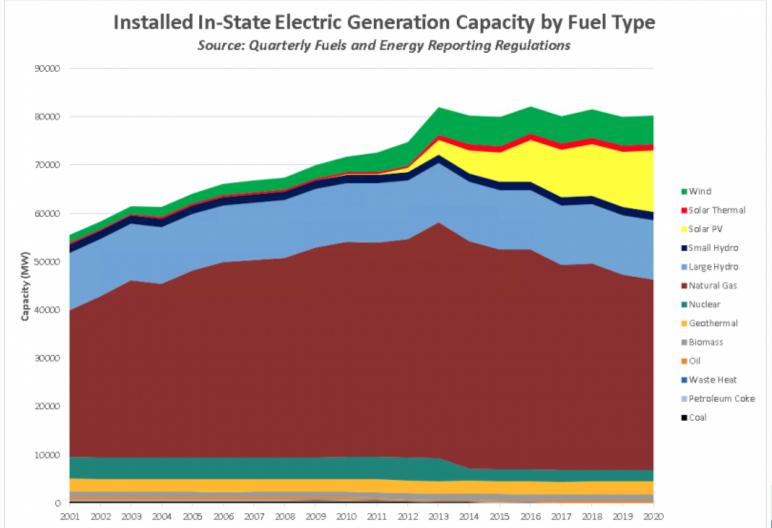
**GHG Emissions from the** 





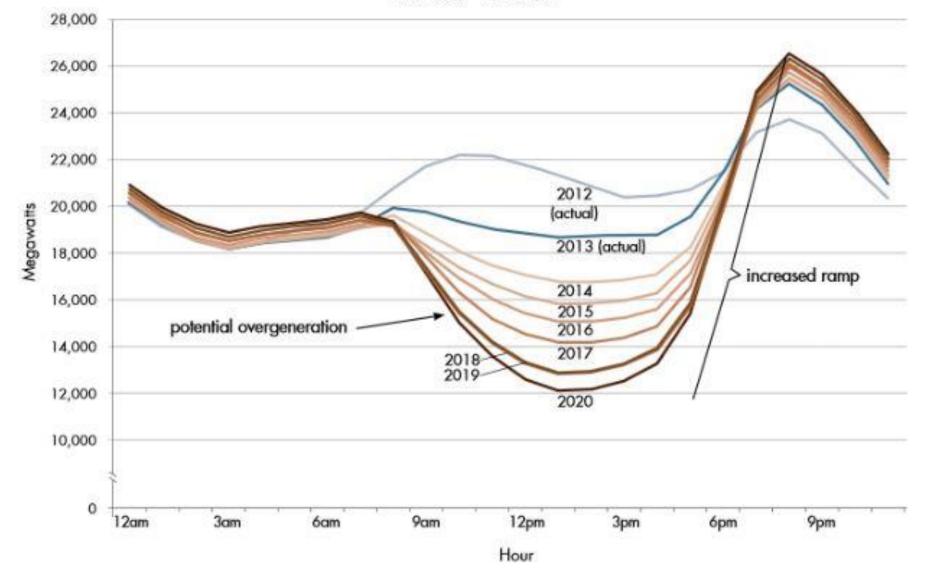
Source: 2022 Edition, California Greenhouse Gas Emission Inventory: 2000-2020

# Electrification is a Critical Component of CA's Climate Policy

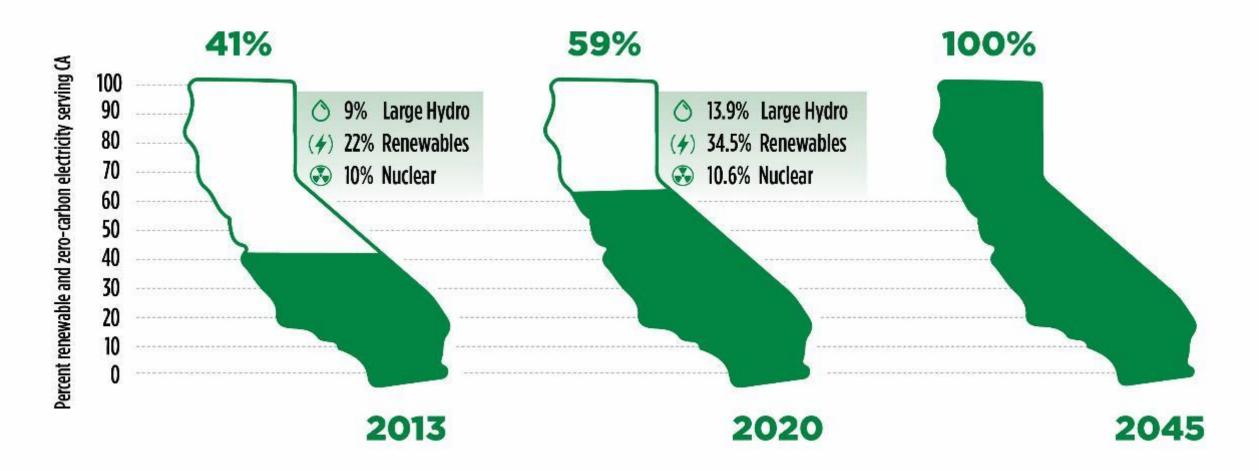


#### THE DUCK CURVE (Net load chart)

Net load - March 31



### **Progress to 100% Clean Electricity**





### Foundations of Grid Transition



**California** Clean Electricity Resources

# Projected to increase annual costs 6% above a 60% RPS baseline

- \* Includes in-state
- \*\* Includes in-state and out of state capacity
- Now hydro and nuclear resources were not candidate technologies for this round of modeling and could not be selected

있 - 仿- ② Achieving 100% Clean Electricity in California

			**********		
	Solar (Utility-Scale)		12.5	GW	
	Solar <b>(Customer)</b>		8.0	GW	
	Storage (Battery)	******	0.2	GW	
	Storage (Long Duration)		3.7	GW	
$\bigcirc$	Wind (Onshore)		6.0	GW	
(3)	Wind (Offshore)		0	GW	
(	Geothermal		2.7	GW	
	Biomass		1.3	GW	
	Hydrogen Fuel Cells		0	GW	
$\bigcirc$	Hydro <b>(Large)</b>	167903-100	12.3	GW	
	Hydro <b>(Small)</b>		1.8	GW	
(Here)	Nuclear	1053035400	2.4	GW	<b> </b>



Achieving 100% Clean Electricity in California

### To Achieve Clean Energy

Development Needs To Rapidly Accelerate

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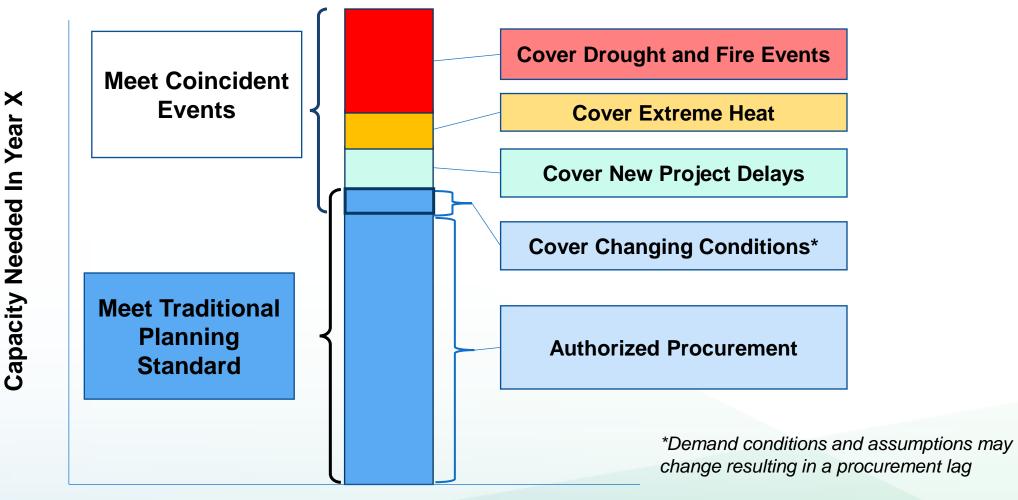
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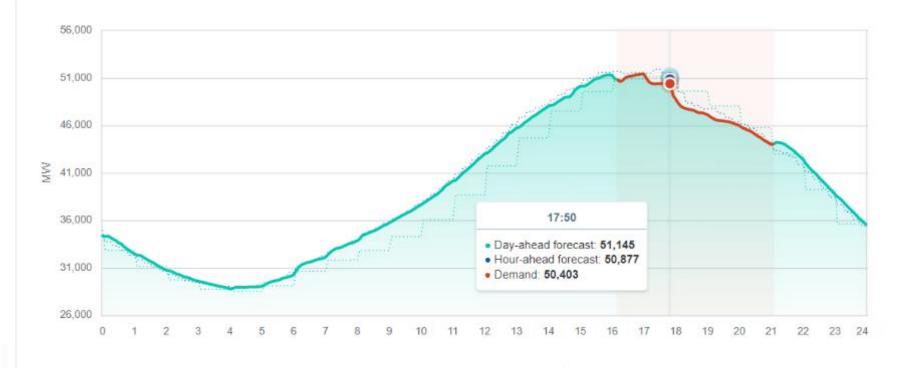






**Resource Stack** 

## CA Experienced a Historic Heat Wave in Sept '22



Demand Volatility is becoming more and more common

Average Demand for Sept 2022 was forecasted to be ~44,600 MW

We were on track for a peak of  $\sim$ 53,000 before demand side load reductions were called on

Day-ahead forecast Hour-ahead forecast Demand

Demand response event

### Critical Elements Along CA's progress

#### Floating Offshore Wind



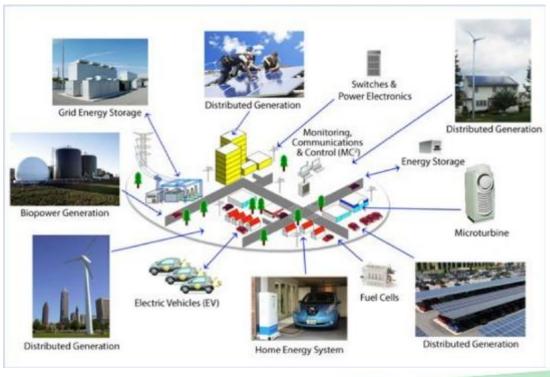
Kincardine Offshore Wind Project Aberdeen, Scotland Source: https://www.offshorewindca.org/photo-gallery

#### Long Duration Storage



California Energy Commission recently awarded \$31 Million grant to Viejas tribe

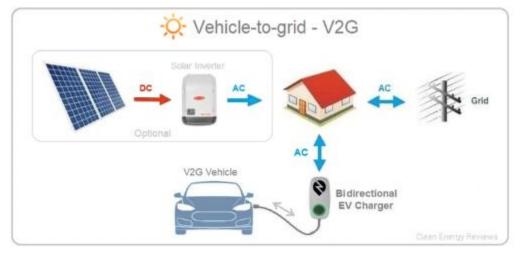
#### **Distributed Energy Resources**



Source: https://www.contextlabs.com/

# Seeking Ways to Leverage CA Leadership on Electric Vehicles for Reliability

- All new passenger vehicle sales in CA will be electric by 2035
- Expecting 7-8 Million EVs by 2030
- Investing \$4B in Zero Emission Infrastructure including V2G
- Just 5 million bidirectional EVs store enough energy to power every home in California for a day





PG&E to Offer Nation's First Vehicle-To-Grid Export Rate for Commercial Electric Vehicles New V2G Export Rate to Accelerate EV Support of Grid During Peak Energy Demand

Vehicle to Grid (V2G) energy flow diagram using a DC bidirectional charger



# California's Climate Commitment | 2021-2022 Budget Agreements



\$13.8 Billion Transportation



**\$10 Billion** Zero-Emission Vehicles

**\$9.1 Billion** Clean Energy & Reliability **\$8.7 Billion** Drought & Water Resilience 0







# Strategic Electricity Reliability Reserve (AB 205)



\*As of September 2022

# Clean Energy Alternatives for Reliability (SB846)



### \$1 Billion Clean Energy Reliability Investment Plan

#### Load Shift Goal

Electric supply and demand needs for near- and mid-term reliability 100 percent zerocarbon and renewable energy by 2045 Adopt a goal for load shifting to reduce net peak electrical demand

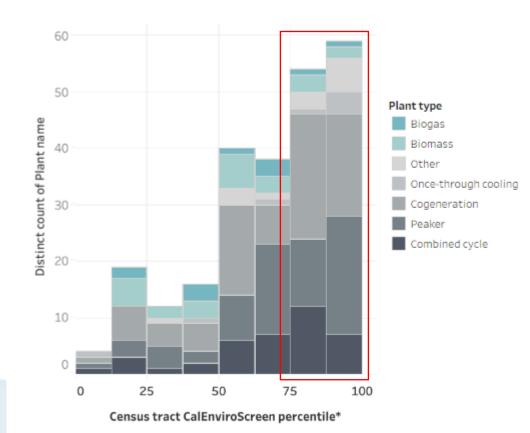
Increase demand response and load shifting

Greenhouse gas emissions reduction target for electricity Preferred resources, such as demand response and energy efficiency

Do not increase GHG emissions or electric rates

# Power Plants are Disproportionately Located in Disadvantaged Communities

Distribution of plants by CalEnviroScreen percentile



Source: PSE Healthy Energy California Power Map

### Equity and Justice Has to Be Foundational

- 1) Words matter. It is our energy system, not the energy system.
- 2) Timing matters. We must engage early, often, and meaningfully with tribes, communities, and local leaders.
- 3) **People matter.** We must be thoughtful about inviting people, who represent and work closely with the residents to make sure we are getting a comprehensive set of voices at the table.
- 4) **Build trust.** We must build true relationships with partners and communities to carry out our work equitably. We will achieve more and do better when we work and act together.
- 5) Consistency and communication matters. Equity relies critically on consistent commitment of resources and communication to build those relationships and break down silos.
- 6) Conflict is necessary. To achieve equity, change is required and when change happens, conflict arises. Rather than run away from this conflict we need to lean into it to learn from it and make progress.

### The Great Implementation Will Require Finding Common Ground

- 1. Start with what we agree on
- 2. Align on where we are going
- 3. Recognize there will be tradeoffs along the way

...and lean into conflict!

### Thank You

