



CLIMAFRICA Climate change predictions in Sub-Saharan Africa:

impacts and adaptations

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Climate change predictions in Sub-Saharan Africa: impacts and adaptations

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Key Words Climate Predictions; Climate Impacts; Vulnerabilities; Adaptation; Case Studies; Agriculture and Water Resources; Socio-economic analysis





	Acronym	Participant organisation name	Country	Partnership
1	CMCC	CENTRO EURO-MEDITERRANEO per i CAMBIAMENTI CLIMATICI	Italy	
2	ULUND	LUNDS UNIVERSITET	Sweden	18 institutions:
3	CEA	COMMISSARIAT A L'ENERGIE ATOMIQUE	France	9 Europe
4	MPG	MAX PLANCK GESELLSCHAFT ZUR FOERDERUNG DER WISSENSCHAFTEN	Germany	8 Africa
5	VUA	VERENIGING VOOR CHRISTELIJK HOGER ONDERWIJS WETENSCHAPPELIJK ONDERZOEK EN PATIENTEZORG	Netherlands	+ FAO
6	CTFC	CENTRE TECNOLOGIC FORESTAL DE CATALUNYA	Spain	Project
7	PIC	POTSDAM INSTITUTE FOR CLIMATE IMPACT RESEARCH	•	coordinator: CMCC
-	-		Germany -	– Italy
8	CIRAD	CENTRE DE COOPERATION INTERNATIONAL EN RÉCHERCHE AGRONOMIQUE	France	-
		POUR LE DEVELOPPEMENT		www.cmcc-org
9	FAO – GTOS	FOOD and AGRICULTURE ORGANISATION of the UNITED NATIONS		
10	SOW – VU	STICHTING ONDERZOEK WERELDVOEDSELVOORZIENING VAN DE VRIJE	Netherlands	Local
		UNIVERSITEIT		case studies:
11	UR2PI	UNITE DE RECHERCHE SUR LA PRODUCTIVITE DES PLANTATIONS INDUSTRIELLES	Congo	1)Burkina Faso
12	UCT	UNIVERSITY OF CAPE TOWN	South Africa	2)Congo
13	BCA	UNIVERSITY OF MALAWI	Malawi	3)Ghana
	-			4)Malawi
14	LBEV	UNIVERSITY OF LOMÉ	Тодо	5)Sudan
15	ARC	AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH CORPORATION	Sudan	6)Togo
16	ICPAC	IGAD CENTRE FOR CLIMATE PREDICTION APPLICATION	Kenya	7)Kenya
17	CSIR-CRI	COUNCIL FOR SCIENTIFIC INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH - CROPS RESEARCH	Ghana	8)Ethiopia
	-	INSTITUTE		9)Tanzania
18	CERPINEDD	CENTRE D'ETUDE DE RECHERCHE ET DE PRODUCTION EN INFORMATION POUR L'ENVIRONNEMENT ET LE DEVELOPPEMENT DURABLE	Burkina Faso	

CMCC: Euro-Mediterranean Center for Climate Change

CMCC is the Italian Research Centre on Climate Science and Policy. Partnership of 10+ Italian research institutes. Supported by the Italian Ministry for the Environment Land and Sea, the Ministry for Education, University and Research and the Ministry for Economy

- 68 total staff members
- Innovative Supercomputing Infrastructure
- CMCC hosts the IPCC Italian Focal Point



Centro Euro-Mediterraneo per i Cambiamenti Climatici

61 (national and international) projects for a total amount of 23M€ c.a.

Science basis

- Variability of the climate (and changes)
- Development of Numerical Models

Physical Impacts

Impacts and risks of climatic changes on Agriculture, Forests (and others ecosystems) + hydrological cycle

Economics

- Energy and Emission Long Term Scenarios and Mitigation Policies
- Economic Assessment of Climate Impacts and Adaptation Policies





Why ClimAfrica?

Africa and Climate Change

- key role in the global C-cycle and climate system
- \cong 50% of interannual variability of the global C-balance
- > 50% of global fire emissions
- \cong 1/5 of the global C-emissions from land use change

Weakness

- most vulnerable continent to climate change/variability
- population mostly depend on the rain fed rural sector
- economy relies mainly on natural resources
- less covered region by climate change studies
- climate models developed outside the African context
- current climate scenarios consider long term trends, with less focus to the shorter time frame

direct linkage between
climate, food production, economy and livelihood

not enough or not adequate climate related info and products for Africa





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Urgent need for the most up-to date and appropriate information and products, developed specifically for Africa, to better understand and predict climate change and

> its impacts in Sub-Saharan Africa for the next 10-20 years

direct linkage between climate, food production, economy and livelihood

not enough or not adequate climate related info and products for Africa





ClimAfrica Objectives

- 1. Develop improved climate predictions on seasonal to decadal time scale
- 2. Assess <u>climate impacts</u> in <u>water</u> resources and <u>agriculture</u> sectors
- 3. Evaluate the <u>vulnerability</u> of <u>ecosystems</u> and <u>population</u> to interannual variations and decadal trends in climate
- 4. Suggest and analyse <u>new adaptation strategies</u> suited to SSA
- 5. Develop a new concept of <u>medium term warning system</u> for food and water security
- 6. Analyse the <u>economic impact of climate change</u> on agriculture and water resources and the cost-effectiveness of potential adaptation measures











WP1 – Effects of past climate variability on ecosystem productivity and water cycle

Collection and synthesis of various past data streams (in situ + remote sensing + model simulations) to analyze the interactions between climate variability, and water availability and ecosystem productivity of Sub-Saharan Africa.

Example output: 30+ soil moisture harmonized database







WP2 – Improving modelling seasonal to decadal climate predictions

- improve seasonal forecasts and decadal climate change predictions over SSA.
- regional (dynamic and statistical) downscaling over east, west and south Africa







Example output: CMCC-Seasonal Prediction Model for Sub-Sahara Africa rainfall. The basic annual cycle with good spatial distribution is captured by the model.







WP3 - Analysis of climate impacts on water and agriculture

Quantifying sensitivity of water resources and vegetation productivity to seasonal, interannual and decadal variability in climate

Example Output: Crop models to simulate crop yields and water availability under short-term scenarios of future climate change (5-10 years), to identify regional differences in the climate sensitivity of crop production.







WP4 - Medium-term forecasting of food and water vulnerabilities, and adaptation measures

<u>Example output</u>: medium term monitoring and forecasting warning system for a prospective analyses of food insecurity and water crisis for the next 10 years. *(fill the gap between seasonal scale predictions and long-term impact scenarios)*







WP5 Socio-economic implications of climate change impacts and adaptation measures in Sub-Saharan Africa

Evaluation of the economic effects of climate change impacts on water resource and agriculture including the cost of adaptation measures proposed by the project

<u>Example output:</u> a set of climate information and policy indications, at regional and local level, to prevent and cope with climate induced crises, and build cost effective agricultural systems, taking vulnerabilities into account.

Comprehensive analysis of economic implications: not only direct costs

+ other relevant economic indicators (e.g. GDP changes)





WP6 – Case Studies

Characterize the environmental and socioeconomic conditions of 9 different Sub-Saharan African countries distributed along a wide climate gradient (Burkina Faso, Congo, Ethiopia, Ghana, Kenya, Malawi, Sudan, Tanzania, and Togo).

Example output: field data for developing and validating models and the warning system.









Expected advancements

Improved climate-related information and products for Africa delivered on a time scale effective for timely adaptation:

- 1. Improved climate predictions (seasonal/decadal)
- 2. Assessment of climate impacts on water resources and agriculture in the next 10-20 years
- 3. New adaptation strategies suited to Africa's needs
- 4. Assessment of economic implications of climate change impacts and adaptation
- 5. An operational medium term warning system

The improved predictions of climate change and impacts are fundamental climate information needed by African communities for climate risk analysis related to agriculture and water resources, and including the socio-economic welfare.





THANKS!

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