CLIMATE CHANGE AND FOOD AND NUTRITION SECURITY

UNFCCC Bonn, 19 May 2012 Catherine Zanev, WFP





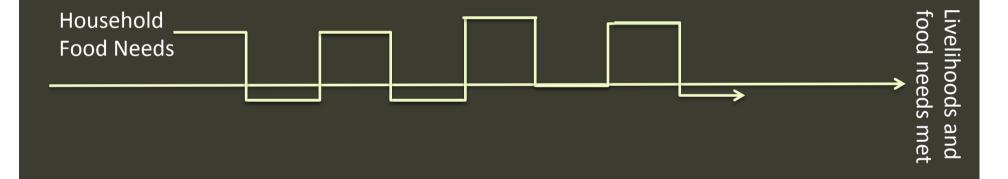
- Ensuring <u>availability</u> of nutritious food,
- ***** Ensuring <u>access</u> to nutritious food at all times.

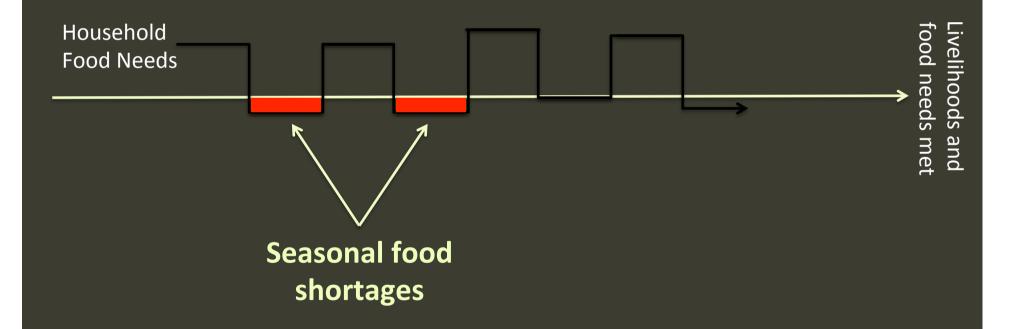
There is enough food, yet nearly 1 billion people suffer from hunger.

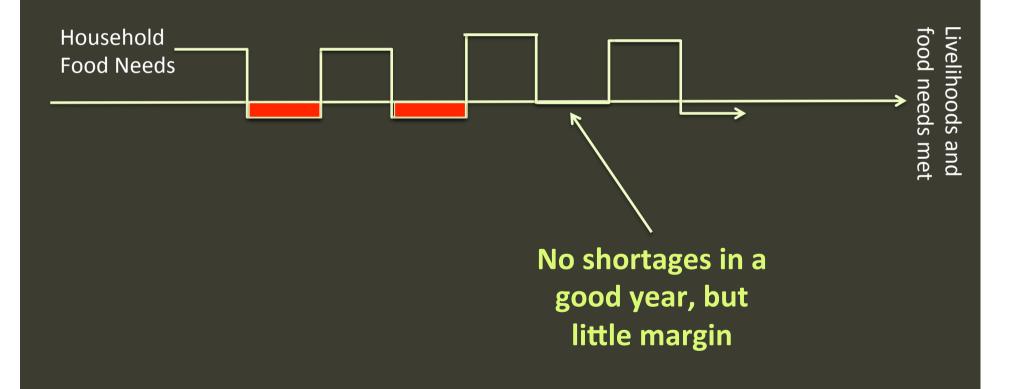
Who are we talking about?

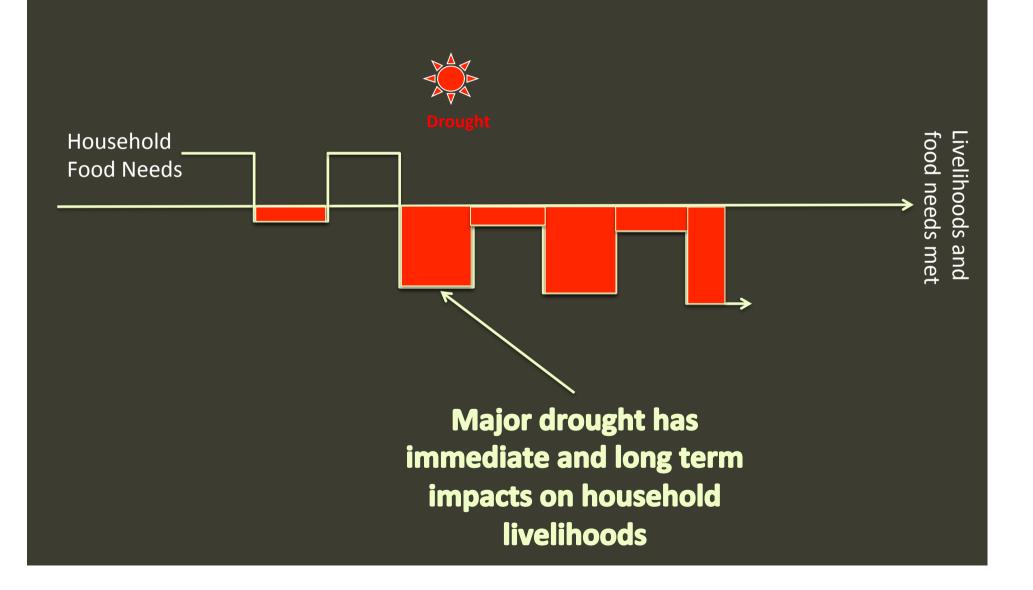
- ❖ Most undernourished people around threequarters – are farmers and pastoralists.
- ❖ They live in poor, marginal and often highly degraded rural areas of developing countries.
- ❖They struggle to make a living from 0.1 or 0.2 hectares or work on other people's fields.

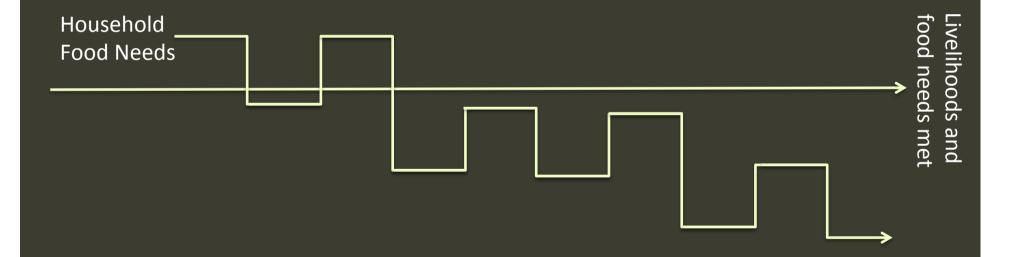
What can SBSTA do to ensure their food and nutrition security?











With increased climate risk, this pattern becomes even more difficult to manage

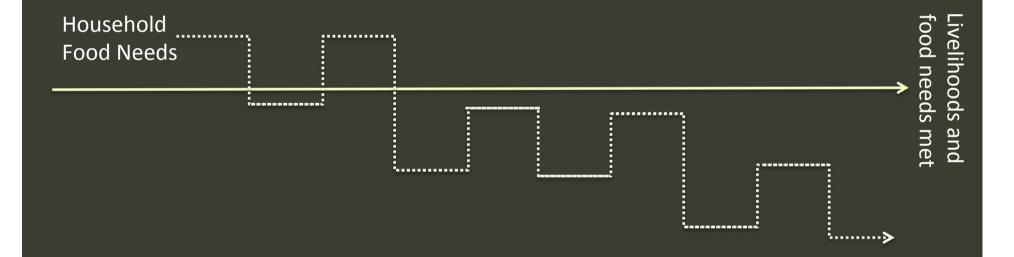
Enhancing food and nutrition security under climate change

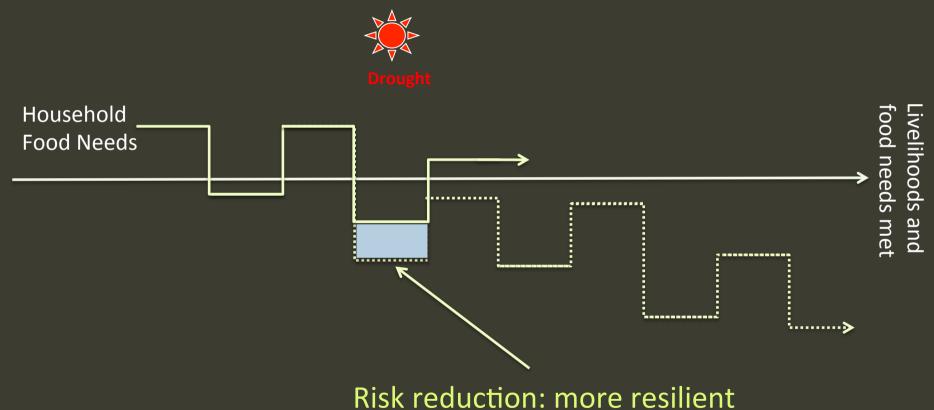
Moving to sustainable, resilient, climate-smart agriculture is a proven pathway to food security, but...

- It is a long path;
- It requires investments;
- It is undermined by disasters.

What the SBSTA WPA should consider:

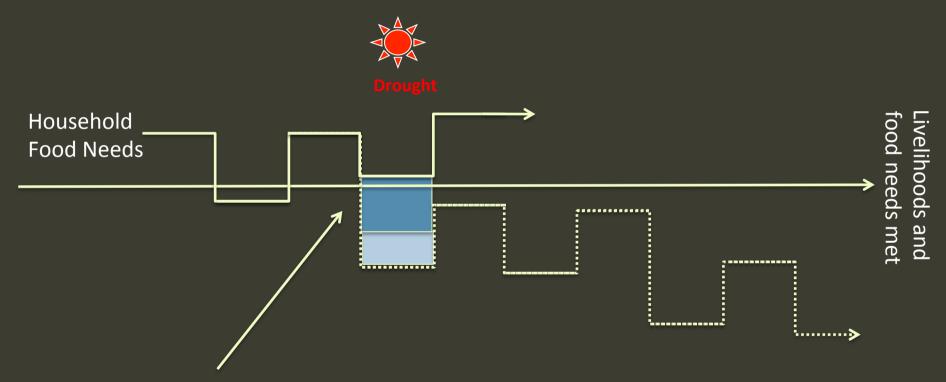
- ❖ How does climate change affect FNS beyond production: disasters, markets, prices, health, conflict over scarce resource, migration...?
- ❖ How to make adaptation and shift to climate-smart agriculture work for the poorest and most vulnerable farmers?
- How to protect them from disasters?



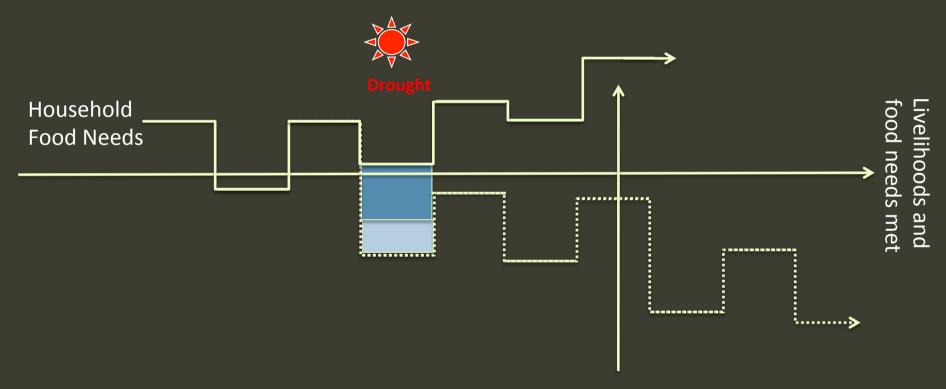


and sustainable agriculture and NRM, supported through social

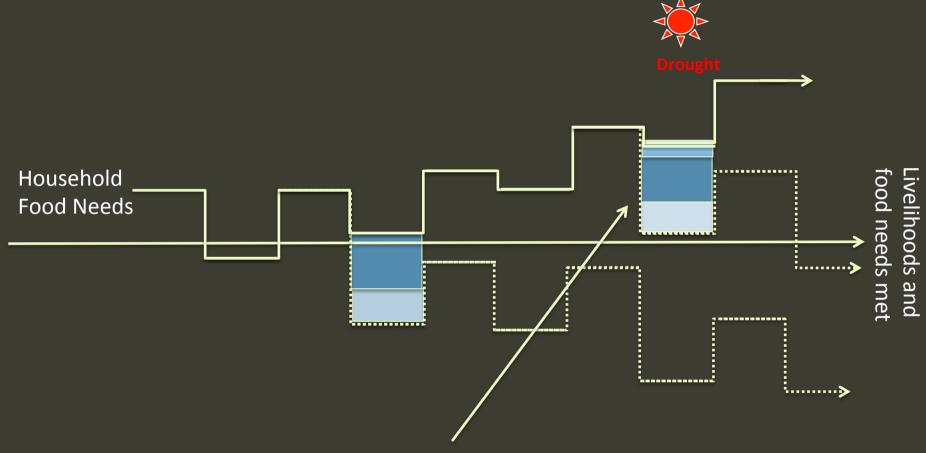
transfers/ safety net



Insurance policy pay-out (obtained as part of safety net: "insurance for work")



Access to credit allows to invest further in increased productivity, adaptation, diversification, protected by insurance, and to save.



Set of risk management tools protects the food security that the household is building from future shocks.



Consider the full spectrum of food security: availability, access and utilization.

Prioritize vulnerable and food insecure farmers and communities.

Develop approaches that make climate-smart agriculture work for poor farmers.

