

Interlinkages of sustainable development, family planning, and reproductive health







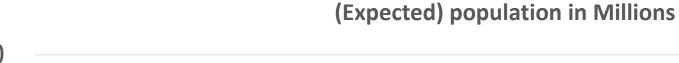
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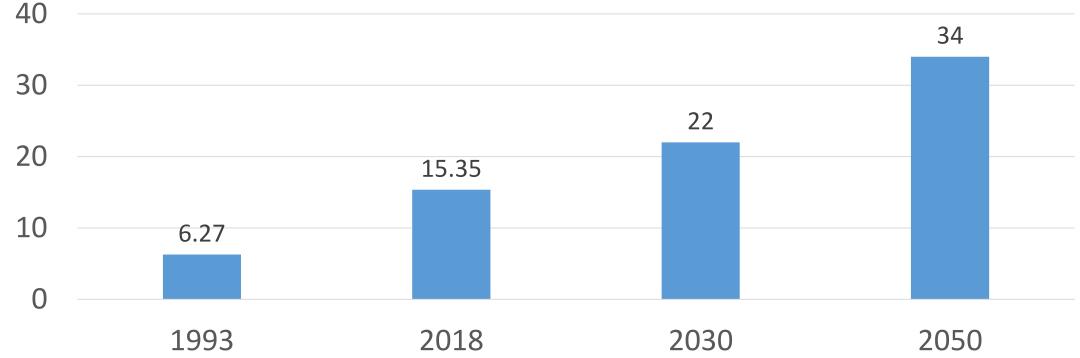


Population Growth



• Population multiplied by 2.5 in 25 years (1993 – 2018)







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- 7.04 children per woman



Family with 10 children in the village of Tagal in the Lake Chad basin © Kate Holt



Population Growth



- Population multiplied by 2.5 in 25 years (1993 2018)
- 7.04 children per woman
- Low contraceptive prevalence



Contraceptive injection



Condomes



Family Planning (FP)



- Appropriate strategy to improve development:
 - ✓ fertility
 - > maternal and child mortality
 - **↗** schooling of children
 - 7 GDP per capita
- Access to education on FP is key





Strategy



- Recently: collaborative programmes to improve Women's Health by government and development agencies
- Challenge: limited resources for family planning (other urgend needs)
- Focus on adolescents and youth (45% of population): increase utilisation of modern contraceptives from 5% to 8% by 2020





Law



- 16 years of advocacy (government agencies, stakeholders)
 - → July 2018 Council of the Ministry approves decree to put Chad's laws on reproductive health in effect



Women encourage peace and educate on sexual health rights . © UNFPA Tchad/T. Somda



"sexuality" in Chad: parents almost never talk about it with their children. Credit: AJAC. / A.K.Abakar



Challenges



- Population growth rate: 3.35% p.a.
- 7 instead of 3 children / women, and couples usually want still more
- 45% of population: 15 years or under
- demand in education and jobs







Multi-sectoral initiatives for climate resilience, population & sustainable livelihoods in Africa

Thank you!

Merci!

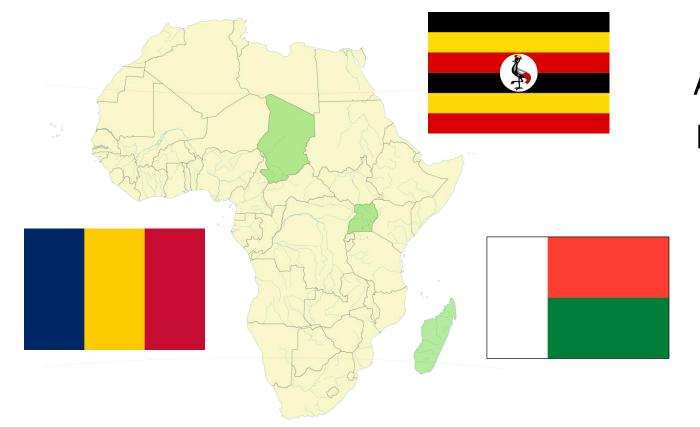
Soko!

Angen!

Weebale!

Apwoyo!

Eyalama!



Walwa swa!

Afwoyo swa!

Ilakasugotia!

Keyi tapon!

Alakara!

Kongoi!

Webale!

Misaotra!