

# Role of Civil Society in REDD+ Processes; The case of Ghana



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# Background



Location: West Africa

Population: 25 Million (Est.)

Primary forests (Bulk): South-western

Tropical Forest: 2.46 million ha

Deforestation rate: 2.0% (FAO '06)



# **Background II**

#### Some Forest Initiatives in Ghana

- Natural Resource and Environmental Governance Framework (NREG)
- Forest Law Enforcement, Governance and Trade/Voluntary Partnership Agreement (FLEGT/VPA)
- Non-Legally Binding Instruments (NLBI)
- Reduced Emissions from Deforestation and Forest Degradation (REDD+)
- Forest Investment Programme (FIP)



#### **Ghana and REDD+ I**

#### Forest Investment Project (FIP)

- Ghana has also been nominated for the Forest Investment Programme
- Amount approved is at about \$50 million
- Mission held last week with various stakeholders
  - Areas prioritised include tenure, benefits sharing, Law Enforcement & Conflict Management, etc
- Develop the investment strategy (within & outside forest sector)

### **Ghana and REDD+ II**

**Ghana submitted R-PIN** 

Ghana was nominated in 2008 for WB-FCPF

One week mission held in May 2009

National REDD+ Steering Committee formed

Information Sharing and Consultation for R-PP Dev't

R-PP Submission, Jan 2010

Qualified Approval at PC5 Meeting, March 2010



### **Activities of Civil Society in Ghana**

#### This revolves around:

- Advocacy and Lobbying
- Capacity Building (Policymakers, media, CSOs, Communities)
- ➤ Moving forward Consultation and Participation Process
- **≻**Networking
- ➤ Research and Analysis



## Advocacy and Lobbying

 The main targets for this action has been the Government of Ghana (Parliamentary Select Committees, Agencies, Ministries, UNFCCC Negotiators) and Donor Partners

- Much of the focus has been on
  - Having a holistic approach to REDD+ implementation in the NRE sector
  - The need for good Consultation and Participation for the process
  - The focus on REDD+ should be on improving forest governance (looking at means over ends and not vice-versa).
  - Pushing for community rights recognition in REDD+





## **Capacity Building**

 This activity focuses on building the knowledge capacity of the Policy makers, Media, CSOs and Communities, mainly through workshops.

#### Involves:

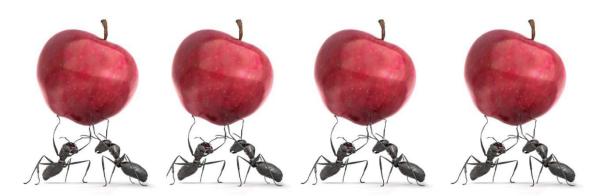
- Simplifying the concept of REDD+ and breaking away the technicalities
- Updating actors on the status of int'l UNFCCC negotiations
- Discussing and strategizing on Ghana's REDD+ process
- Discussing the financial mechanism options
- Community involvement in capacity building is limited to a few who attend meetings/workshops. The immediate way forward is to have REDD+ issues introduced at District Forest Forums (FWG), using local community radio stations (exploring this with IUCN).

### Moving Consultation and Participation Process

• Reactionary Approaches: E.g. Post R-PIN

Pro-active approaches

Note however that participation should not be the objective...It's about achieving the change we want.



## Networking

#### National:

- Using the existing Forest Watch Ghana network
- Using the "Contact Group" set up under the EU FLEGT/VPA process
- Engaging Forest Forum members in workshops
- Early stages of a establishing a network

#### Regional:

- Africa Community Rights Network (ACRN)
- Pan African Climate Justice Alliance (PACJA)

#### International:

- Accra Caucus on Forests and Climate





## Research, Analysis & Strategizing

#### This activity includes:

- •Research Work by IUCN (Benefits sharing, bottlenecks issues)
- Analysis of REDD+ international negotiation texts
- Analysis on financing mechanism design for REDD+
- Analysis of Power and interests of various actors







## Challenges

Technical paradigm of REDD+ is not helping

 Shifting Civil Society focus on the payments for carbon and "how can communities be involved to measure the carbon" instead of focus on forest governance and socioenvironmental safeguards.



### **Opportunities**

Constitutional Review

Legal and Policy Reform in the Forest Sector

NREG Framework

Safeguards Information System



#### Conclusion

Reduced **Emissions** 

**Good Forest Management** 

**Improved Forest Governance** 

Policy, legal, institutional & regulatory

Planning and Decision making

Implementation Enforcement Compliance





#### **Thank You**

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