

**ZOUH TEM ISABELLA HEAD OF DEPARTMENT: GEOMATICS DIVISION OF CLIMATE DATA LABORATORY** 

OBSERVATORY ON CLIM

\*

CHANGE

ATIONAL

## **PLAN OF PRESENTATION**

- WHO WE ARE!
- OUR MISSIONS
- CLIMATE EXTREME EVENTS
- RS/GIS APPLICATION
- DISSEMINATION OF CLIMATE INFORMATION



#### Who we are!

- 2007: Announcement of the creation of ONACC by the President of the Republic,
  H.E Paul BIYA, during the Earth Summit in New York.
- 2009: Establishment of ONACC by Decree No. 2009/410 on December 10, 2009.
- The ONACC is a Public Establishment with legal and financial autonomy, placed under the technical supervision of the Ministry of the Environment and the Financial supervision of the Ministry of Finance.

ONACC 🖌

2015: Operationalization of ONACC by Decree No. 2015/513 on November 16, 2015.

- 2019: Reorganization of ONACC by Decree No. 2019/026 on January 18, 2019, granting it the status of a Public Establishment with Scientific and Technical Character and that of a General Directorate.
- 2023: Appointment of members of the Board of Directors by Decree No. 2023/325 on August 3, 2023.

NOCC has a moral authority and financial autonomy with headquarters in Yaounde

#### **OUR MISSIONS**

**Principal Mission:** 

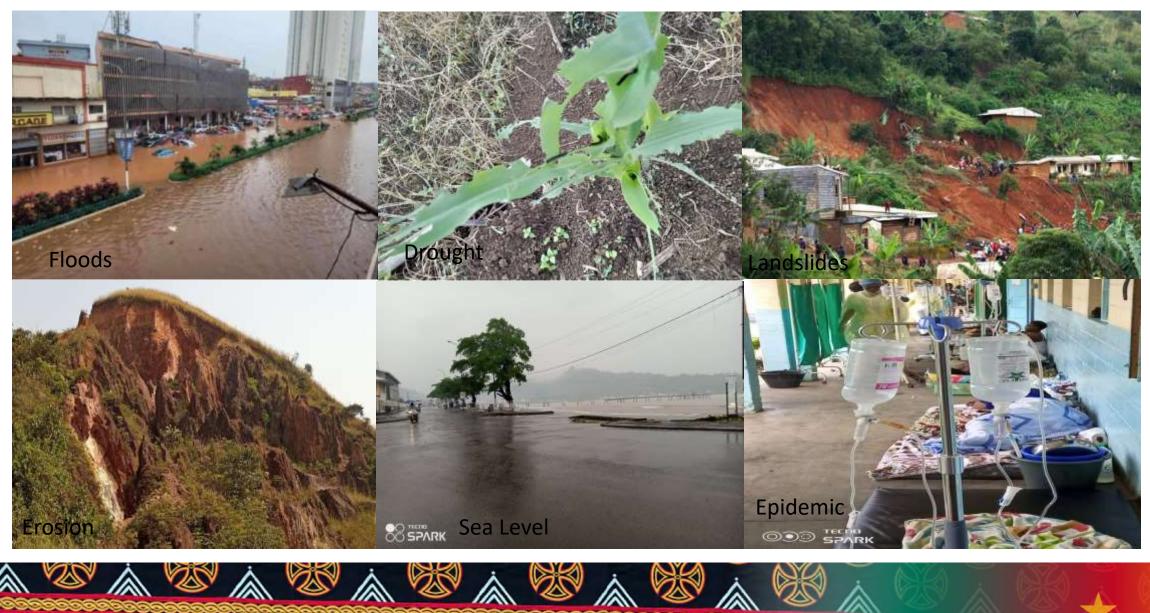
«monitor and assess the socio-economic and environmental impacts of climate change and propose measures to prevent, mitigate and/or adapt to the adverse effects and risks associated with climate change »

This mission is divided into 2 actions: **Adaptation:** The production of climatological information/services. Mitigation: Monitoring and evaluation of greenhouse gas emissions in Cameroon. BSERVATOIRE

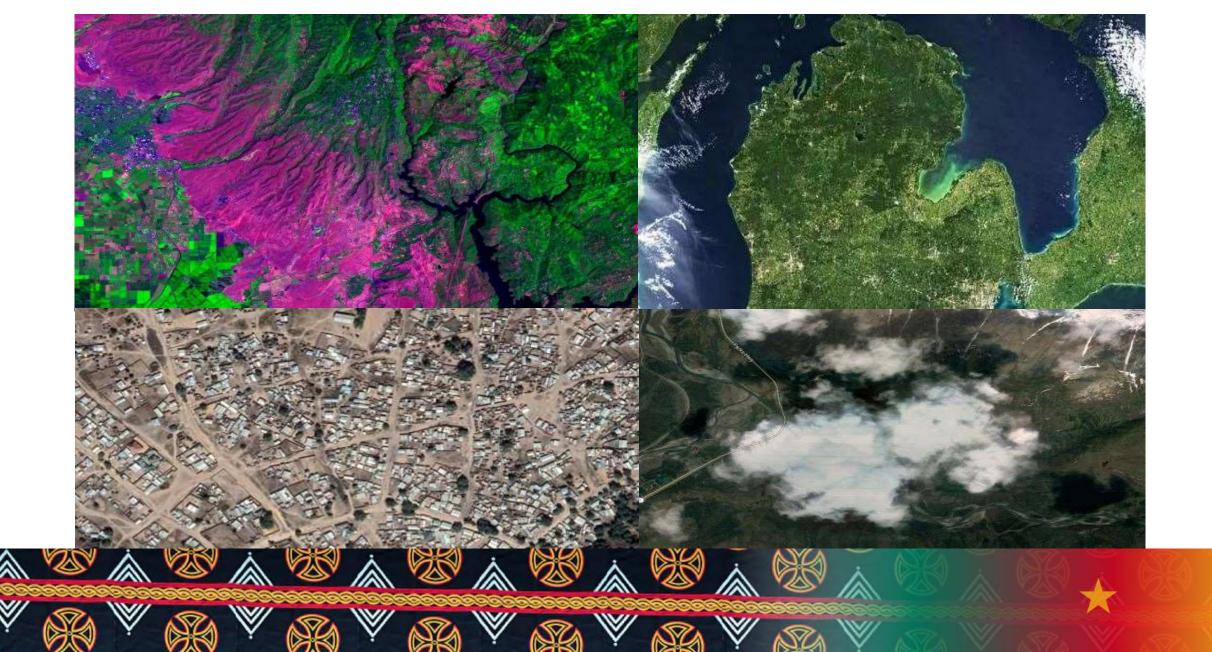
🀼 🚵 🔊 🛦

**ONAC** 

### CLIMATE EXTREME EVENT



#### **KEY FACTORS FOR QUALITY RESULTS FROM EO APPLICATIONS**



### **Dissemination of Climate Information**

- Administration/key stakeholders
- Website: <u>www.onacc.cm</u>
- Social Media Platforms : Linking, Facebook, twitter, WhatsApp .
- Community Radios
- Web App: Onacc Alerts



|                                    |                         | ALERTS !!!  | Most                                |                        |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|------------------------|
| Risk type                          | Region                  | Locality to be likely affected  | probable<br>period of<br>occurrence | Expecte<br>o<br>dete   |
| Flooding                           | Northwest               | Widikum   | 01-05                               | Rainfall(              |
|                                    | Littoral                | Nkongsamba /Douala IV&V/Penja   | 01-04                               | Rainfall(              |
|                                    | Far-North               | Riverine floods around riverbank<br>settlements in the North and Eastern<br>parts of the logone and chari Division  | 01-10                               | High<br>discha<br>lowe |
|                                    | Centre                  | Yaounde (Nkolbisson,Central<br>town,Nkolmesseng,Mballa 3ème,<br>Elig-Edzoa/southern parts of Etoa-<br>Meki,Corneil,Omnisports).                               | 02-06                               | Rainfall(              |
|                                    | South                   | Ambam/ Meka'a I/ Nyabizan   | 03-06                               | Rainfall(              |
| 1                                  | Southwest               | Bangem /Tiko/Bamusso/Limbe  | 02-05                               | Rainfall(              |
|                                    | West                    | Bafang/ Kekem   | 01-03                               | Rainfall(              |
|                                    |                         | Mezam (Akum, Up-station, Upper-<br>Bandia, Sisia, Paralation, Upper-  |                                     |                        |
|                                    | Northwest               | (Belo,Njinikom,Mbingo). Momo<br>(Belo,Njinikom,Mbingo). Momo<br>(Widikum).  | 01-10                               | Rainfall(              |
| Landslide/<br>Subsidence           | West                    | Haut-Plataux(Batie).Menoua(Fokoue,<br>Foreke, Foto, Fongo-Tongo).Haut-<br>kam(Kekem, Bafang,<br>Bana),Nde(Bazou)  | 01-10                               | Rainfall(              |
| Subsidence                         |                         | Manuficture (Barbar)  |                                     | 2                      |
|                                    |                         | ba, Nionako, малуоралкат  | 01-10                               | Rainfall(              |
| Thunder<br>storms and<br>Lightning | Southwest               | Lebialem(Wabane, Lewou, Azi,<br>Fontem, Dunganted, Esso-Atah,<br>Bamouck, Barenka). Fako (Limbe,<br>Buea,Mutengene).Kupe-muanenguba<br>(Njungo, Nsuke-Tombel) | 01-10                               | Rainfall(I             |
|                                    | Centre/Sou<br>th & East | Across the three regions  | 01-10                               | High o                 |
|                                    | Western<br>Highlands    | Across the West &Northwest  | 01-10                               | High o                 |
|                                    | Littoral&<br>Southwest  | Across the Littoral &Southwest  | 101-10                              | High o                 |

V Sh V Sh V Sh

Ŵ

(A)

V 88

Ŵ

AR A

¥



Falaise de Dschang: Un gigentesque glissement de terrain fait de nombreux degets à Ntseh-Ngwang



#### EARTH OBSERVATION: RECENT SUCCESS STORIES

- Mapping of Forest Cover Loss
- Construction of a Bridge over River Ntem (Cameroon Equatorial Guinee)
- Disappearing Cameroon Islands and Mangrove Forest
- Water Resources (water and Energy)

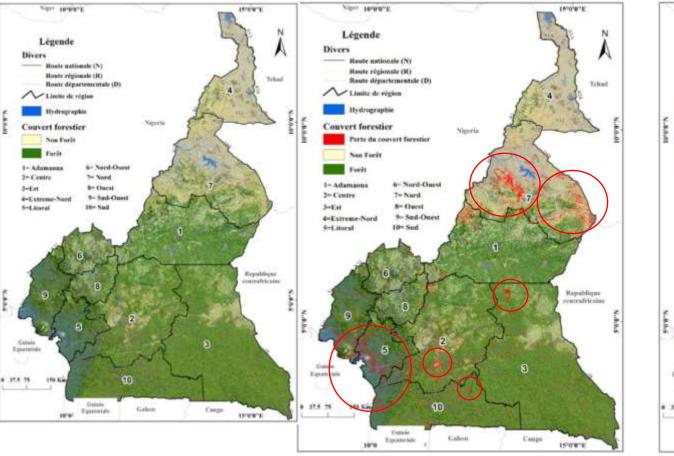


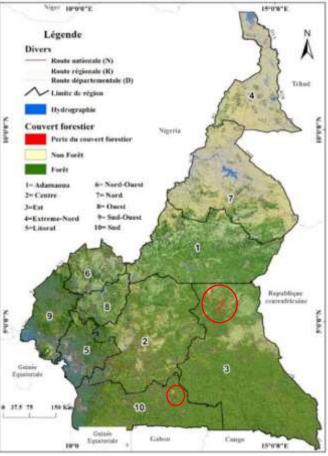
#### Results 2/27

#### Forest cover loss at national level

✓ Reference forest cover in 2000

32,640,673 ha of forest, i.e. 70% of the national land area.







#### Results 04/27

## Forest cover loss statistics from 2000 to 2015, 2015-2017 2000-2017 in Cameroon (ha)

| Régions           | Forêt 2017              | Non Forêt<br>2017      | PCF_2000-<br>2015 | Taux de<br>pertes<br>2000-<br>2015 | PPCF_<br>ST | PCF_2015-<br>2017 | Taux de<br>pertes<br>2015-2017 | PCF_<br>ST | PCF_2000-<br>2017 | Taux de<br>pertes<br>2000-<br>2017 | PCF_<br>ST |
|-------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|-------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|------------|
| Adamaoua          | 4 312 842               | 2 232 697              | 138 965           | 0.2                                | 2.37%       | 13374             | 0.2                            | 0.21%      | 152 339           | 0.2                                | 2.37%      |
| Centre            | 5 423 099               | 1 404 736              | 176 252           | 0.2                                | 3.65%       | 75643             | 0.7                            | 1.10%      | 251 895           | 0.3                                | 3.65%      |
| Est               | 9 444 328               | 1 157 397              | 117 645           | 0.1                                | 1.76%       | 75968             | 0.4                            | 0.69%      | 193 613           | 0.1                                | 1.76%      |
| Extrême -<br>Nord | 142 265                 | <mark>3 911 591</mark> | 27 875            | 1.2                                | 0.81%       | 217               | 0.1                            | 0.01%      | 28 092            | 1.1                                | 0.81%      |
| Littoral          | 1 827 995               | 112 518                | 134 674           | 0.5                                | 8.36%       | 33518             | 0.9                            | 1.67%      | 168 192           | 0.5                                | 8.36%      |
| Nord-<br>Ouest    | 920 740                 | 921 877                | 10 876            | 0.1                                | 0.91%       | 4954              | 0.3                            | 0.28%      | 15 830            | 0.1                                | 0.91%      |
| Nord              | 1 321 412               | 6 221 579              | 493 548           | 2.1                                | 7.43%       | 2909              | 0.1                            | 0.04%      | 496 457           | 1.9                                | 7.43%      |
| Ouest             | 97 <mark>1</mark> 470   | 437 648                | 25 890            | 0.2                                | 2.19%       | 4548              | 0.2                            | 0.33%      | 30 438            | 0.2                                | 2.19%      |
| Sud-Ouest         | 2 258 779               | 149 102                | 77 274            | 0.2                                | 3.71%       | 15121             | 0.3                            | 0.61%      | 92 395            | 0.2                                | 3.71%      |
| Sud               | 4 <mark>4</mark> 49 473 | 64 007                 | 96 505            | 0.1                                | 2.94%       | 42514             | 0.5                            | 0.90%      | 139 019           | 0.2                                | 2.94%      |
| Total             | 31 072 403              | 16 613 152             | 1 299 504         | 0.3                                | 3.35%       | 268766            | 0.4                            | 0.57%      | 1 568 270         | 0.3                                | 3.35%      |

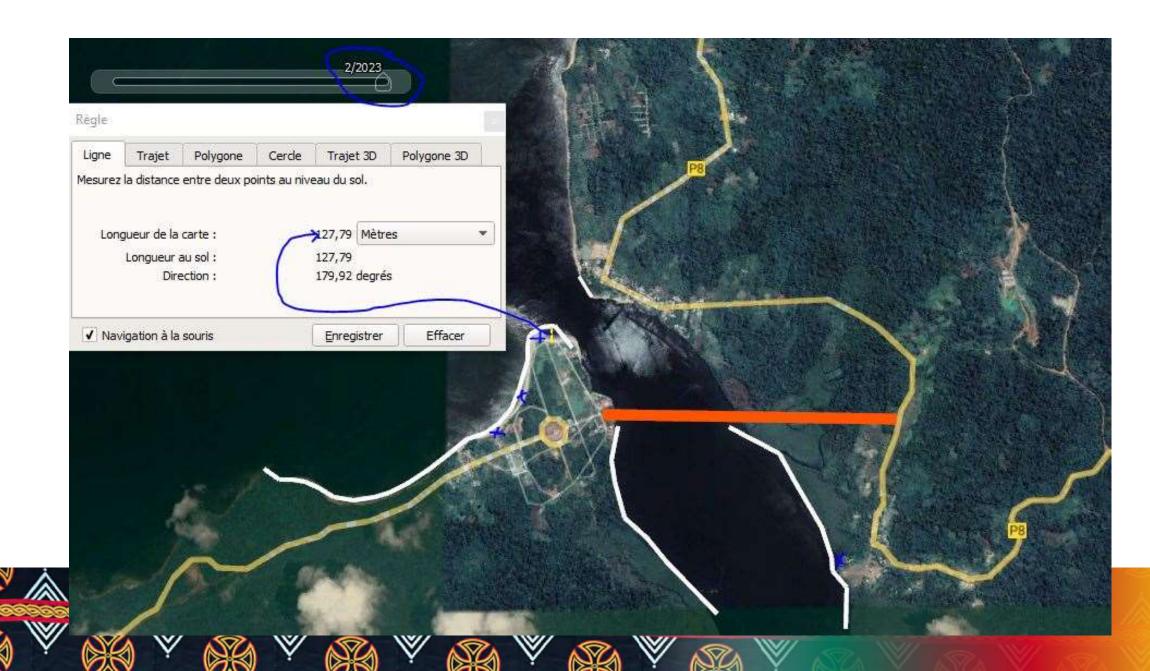
1125

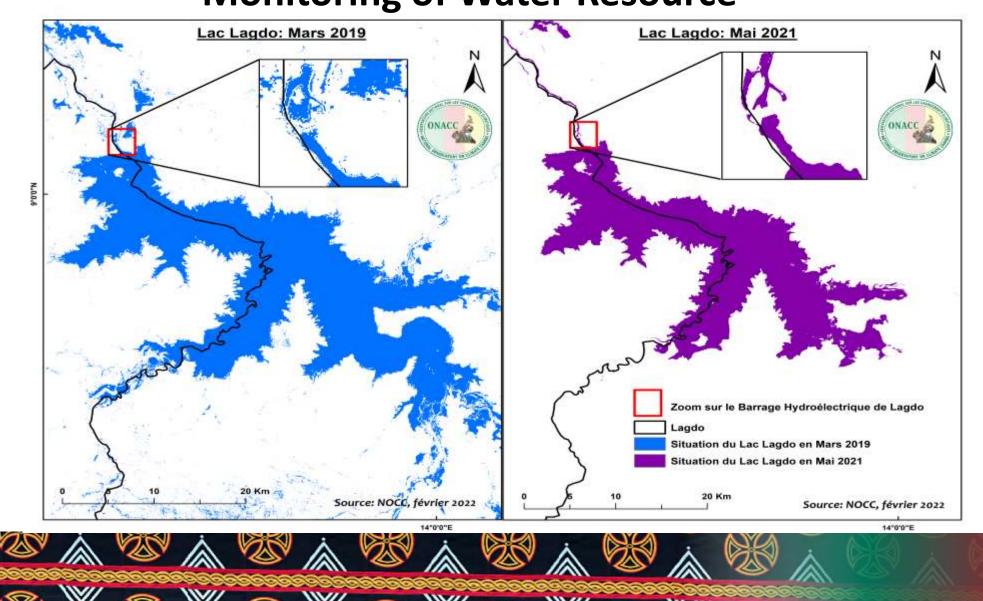
Cover Loss in relation to

٩

 $\sim$ 

#### **Construction of a Bridge over River Ntem (Cameroon – Equatorial Guinee)**





#### **Monitoring of Water Resource**



LIMATIQUES

\*

CHANGE

NATIONA

OBSERVATORY ON CLIMA

# **Thank You For Your Keen Attention**