



SB 22 Side Event

Future CDM

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Baseline methodologies for energy efficiency improvements: current status and ways forward

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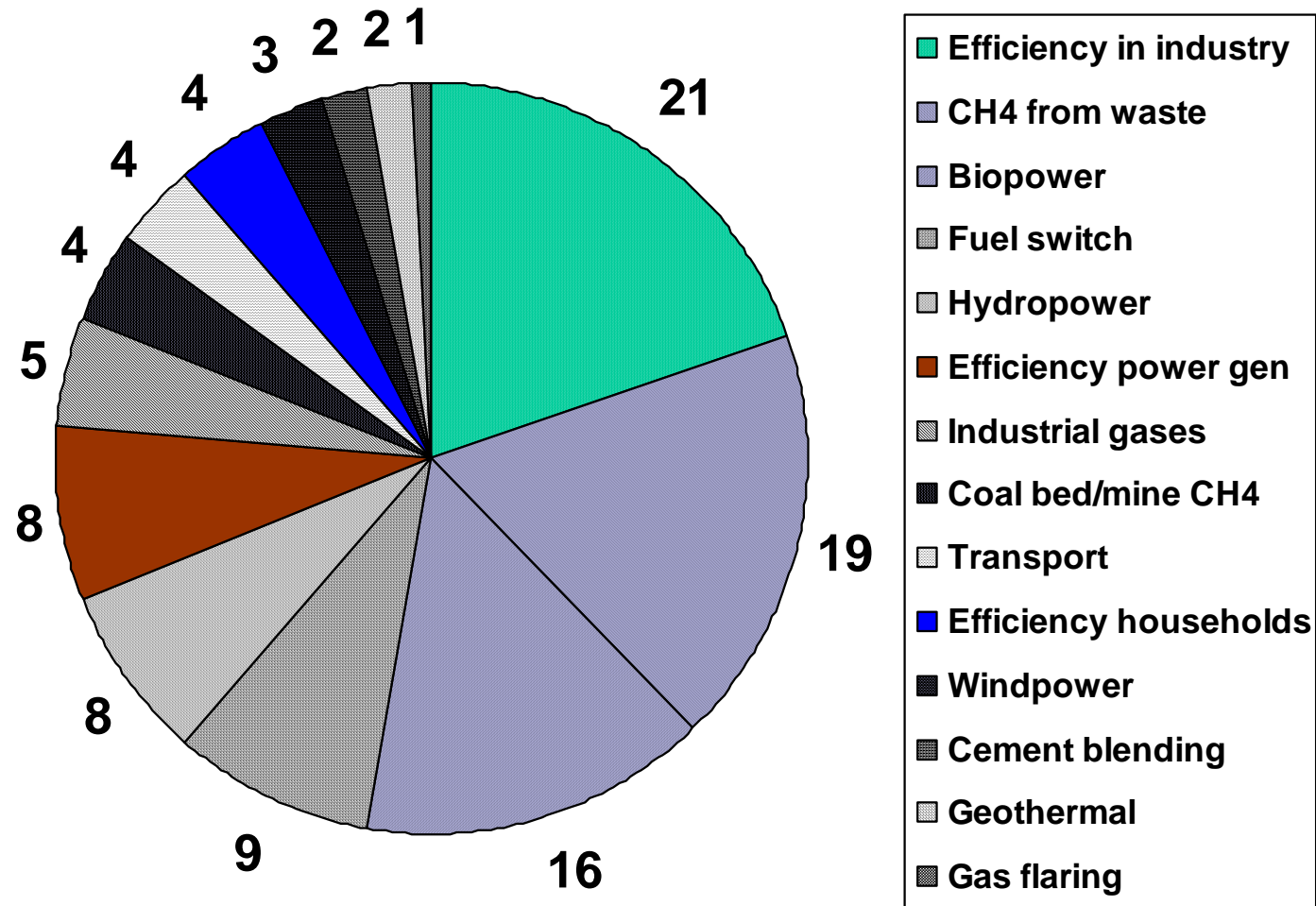
Structure

- EB-defined **small-scale** methodologies for energy efficiency
- Status of methodology approval for **large-scale energy efficiency improvement**
 - Submission types
 - Approved methods and their **characteristics**
- **Ways forward**
- **Draft workplan of consolidation work group in Future CDM project**

Small scale energy efficiency methodology status

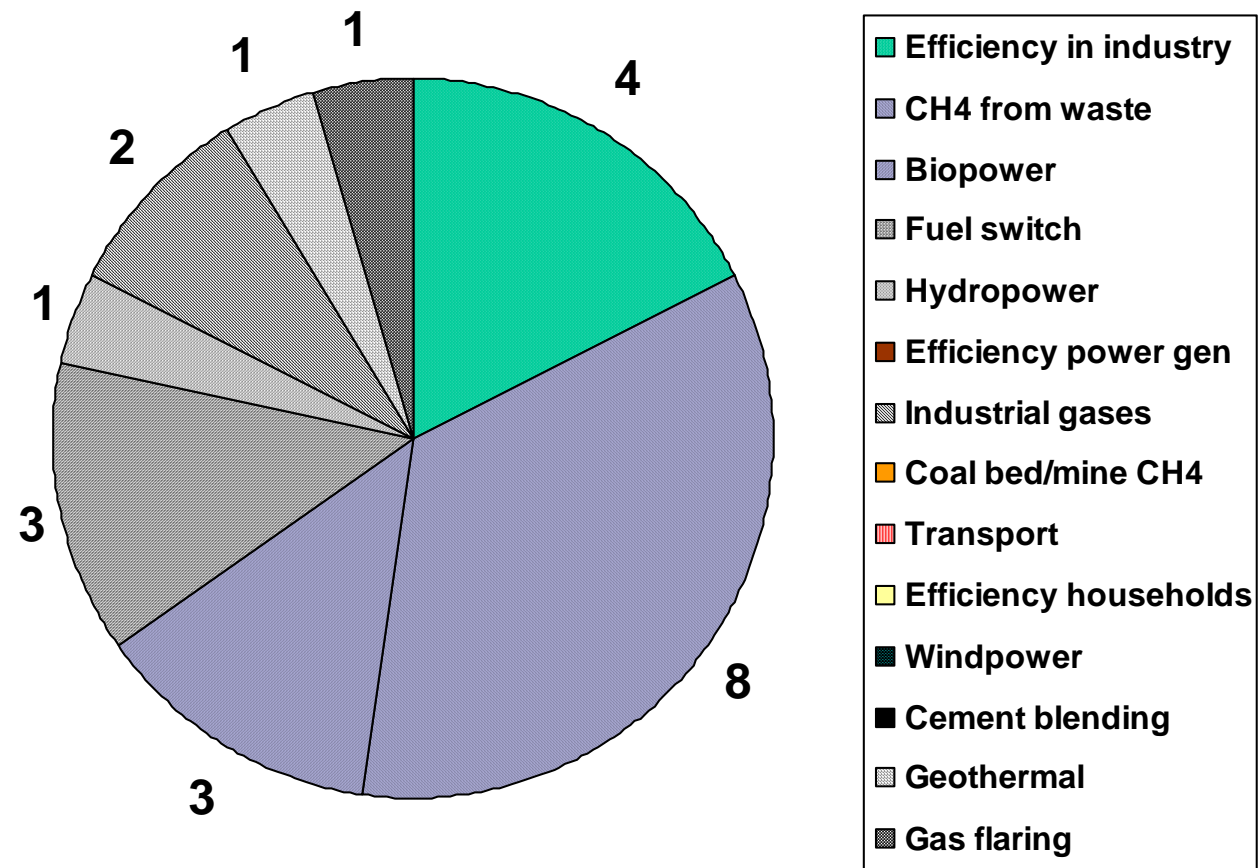
- Small scale methodologies are **available**
 - **Typology** of energy efficiency projects (5 categories)
 - **Differentiation retrofit/new equipment**
 - No definition of “equipment that **would have been installed otherwise**”: key question open!
 - **Monitoring** through **sampling**
 - No discussion of **control group** or **remaining lifetime of equipment**
- **Application limited**
 - Only 2 projects submitted so far, **none** for industrial EE

Submitted baseline methodologies



Multiple methodologies for **same** project type

Approved baseline methodologies



EE lagging behind!

Approved EE methodologies

- **Steam system improvement in refineries**
 - **Control group approach**
 - 5 plants of **same** or **lower** age
 - **Gas-based cogeneration, modified CO₂ removal system of ammonia plant, water pumping**
 - **Historical emissions**
 - **Heat recovery-based captive power**
 - **Almost accepted. Electricity grid average**
 - **Recent submissions tend to combine consolidated additionality test with the consolidated renewable electricity methodology. Problems include:**
 - **Project boundaries are not clearly defined**
 - **No control group**
 - **Often no clear differentiation between retrofit and new capacity**

Generation efficiency

- **Gas power plant single cycle – combined cycle** (Bolivia, Ghana)
 - **Historical emissions, combined margin**
- **Gas power plant: new combined cycle** (Akhakol, India)
 - **Combined margin: operating margin 10% worst performers**
- **No decision** taken so far but unlikely to pass
- **No submissions** done for efficiency improvements of existing / planned **coal-fired** power plants
- **Control group** approach could play an important role

DSM households

- Andijan District Heating Project (Uzbekistan)
 - Rejected due to data problems and issue of suppressed demand/rebound effect
- Energy Efficiency Improvements-Hou Ma District Heating, Shanxi Province (China): not assessed
 - Historical emissions
- Mandatory Energy-Efficiency Standard for Room Air Conditioners (Ghana)
 - Interesting: policy!
 - Sampling of current AC efficiency
- Kuyasa housing (South Africa, SouthSouthNorth)
 - Attempt to define sufficient energy service level

Policies and the baseline

- Policies that **lead to emissions** (e.g. fossil fuel subsidies) can only be taken into account in the baseline if adopted **before 11 December 1997**
- Policies that **support emission-reducing technologies** (e.g. renewables subsidies) **adopted after 11 November 2001** need not be taken into account in the baseline
- It is unclear how this rule impacts on the **additionality** test
 - Will **subsidies not be counted** in the context of the investment analysis to determine whether a project would have been implemented anyway?

Large methodology status

- **Many** submissions for EE methodologies
 - Currently **largest category**
 - But **lag** in dealing with them
- **No consolidation** of large methodologies in sight
 - Some tendency to **combine consolidated add. test with renewable electricity meth.**
 - No consistent **retrofit vs. new capacity**
- **Consolidated additionality** test is challenge for project development
- Decision on **treatment of policies** remains to be operationalized

Ways forward

- Define characteristics of **suitable control groups** and **monitoring samples** for household DSM to address issue of **remaining lifetime of equipment and rebound effect**
 - Policy decision should be taken to neglect rebound effect as it embodies the “**development**” component of the **CDM**
- As **control groups** may not be available for **industrial sector** due to **competitiveness** reasons, define **standard lifetimes** for key equipment classes
 - **Disaggregation** at regional level?

Ways forward II

- Define **standard payback periods** for different classes of equipment to facilitate additionality test
- Define **efficiency benchmarks** for different equipment types and skip additionality test
 - Suffers from **adverse selection** problems
 - **Trade off** between **aggregation** and degree of adverse selection
- Allow **policy** as CDM “project” as long as it can be monitored and fulfils the payback criteria
 - But: policies **shift CER rents** to politicians!

Workplan

- **WP 1: Lessons of **small-scale** project EE methodologies for large-scale methodologies**
 - June 2005
- **WP 2: Evaluation of **large-scale** EE methodology proposals submitted to the EB**
 - June 2005
- **Workpackage 3: Development of **priority list** of EE methodologies**
 - Based on **overall potential** of the underlying project types (**cost, replicability, sustainability benefits**) in CDM host countries
 - July 2005

Workplan II

- **WP 4: Development of *three* methodologies for the most promising project types**
 - July-September 2005
- **WP 5: Development of *dummy PDDs* for each methodology unless real projects are available**
 - September-October 2005
- **WP 6: *Submit methodologies/PDDs* to EB**
 - October-December 2005
- **WP 8: Development of a *consolidated* methodology**
 - January-March 2006

Thank you!

Further information:

www.hwwa.de/climate.htm

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