



SB 22 Side Event

Future CDM

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Baseline methodologies for energy efficiency improvements: current status and ways forward

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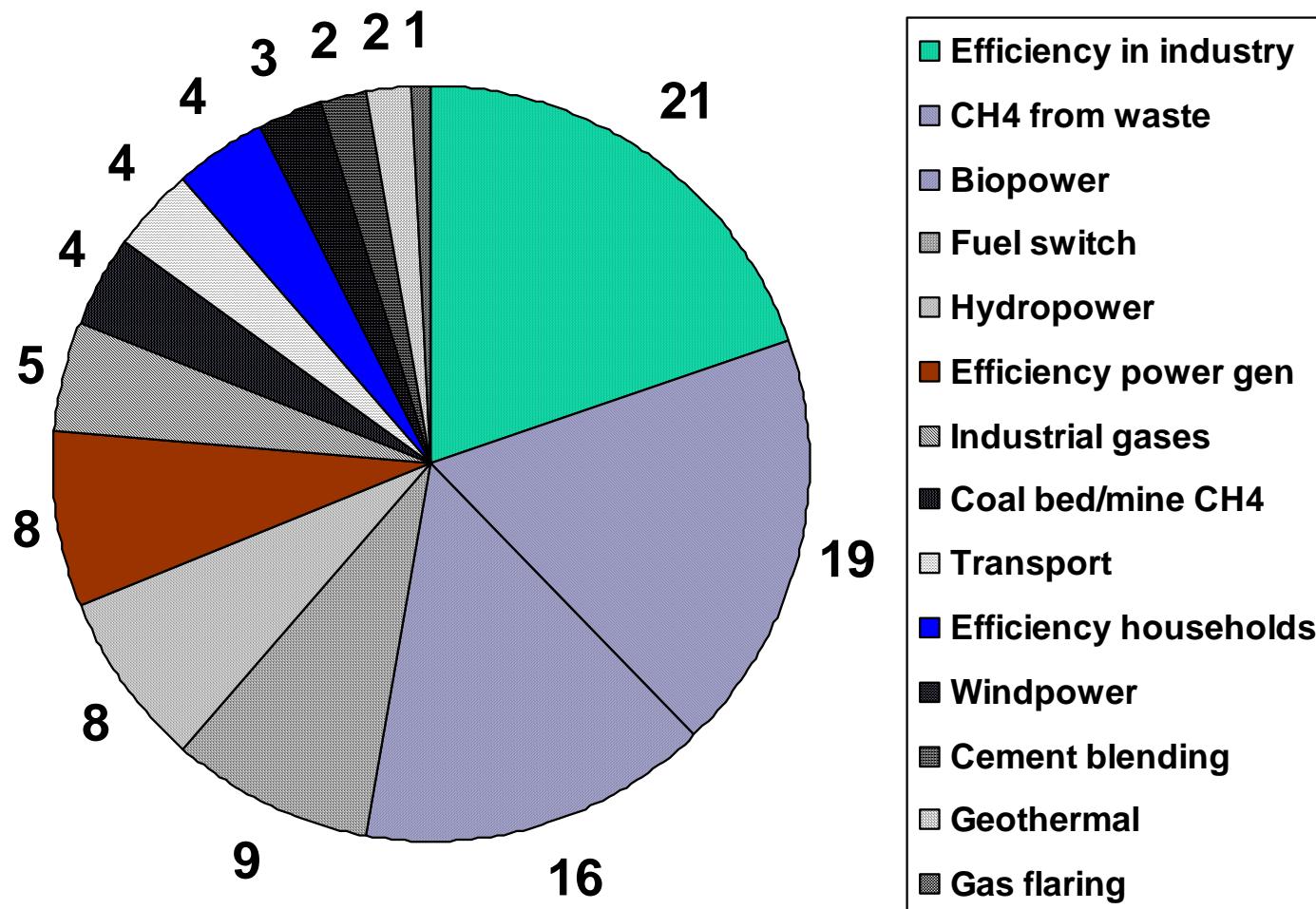
Structure

- EB-defined **small-scale methodologies for energy efficiency**
- Status of methodology approval for **large-scale energy efficiency improvement**
 - Submission types
 - Approved methods and their **characteristics**
- **Ways forward**
- **Draft workplan of consolidation work group in Future CDM project**

Small scale energy efficiency methodology status

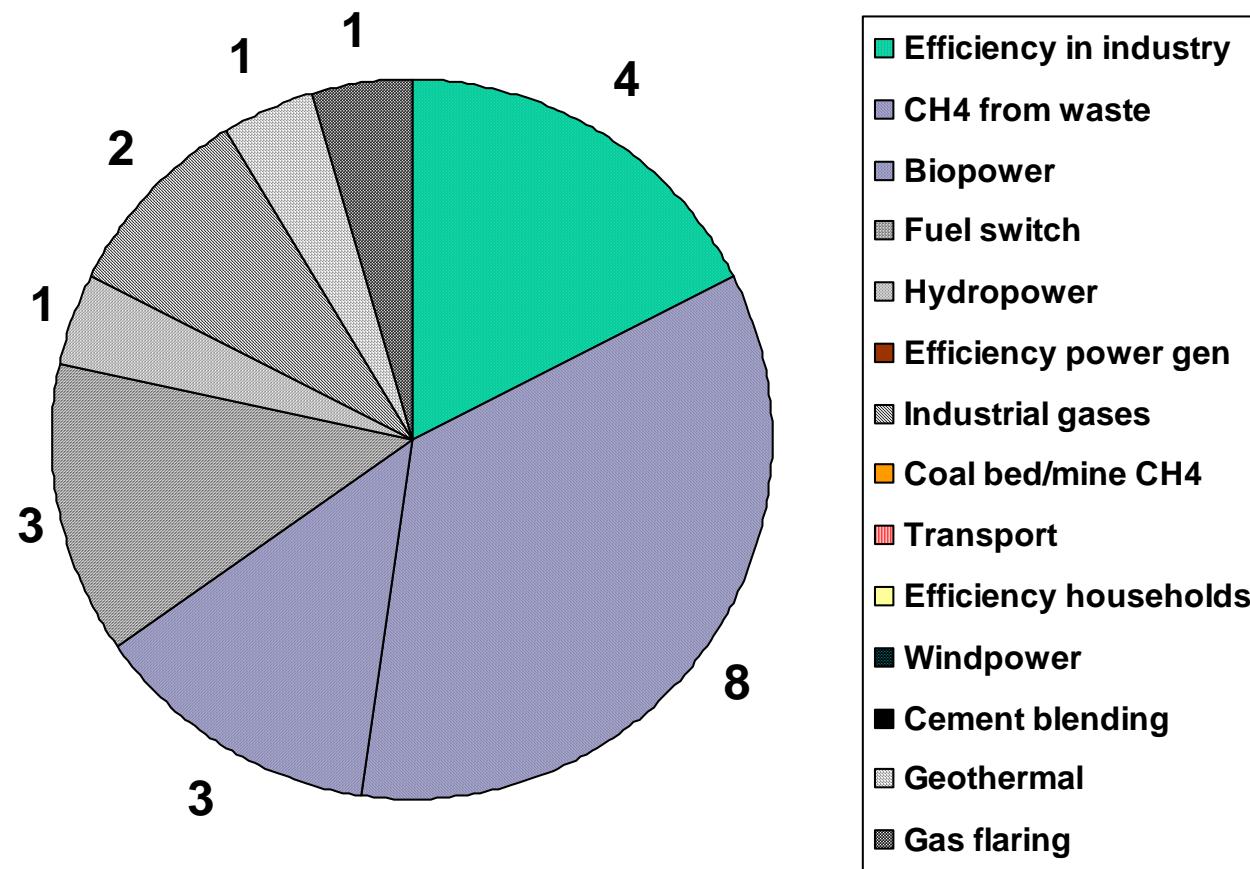
- Small scale methodologies are **available**
 - **Typology of energy efficiency projects (5 categories)**
 - **Differentiation retrofit/new equipment**
 - No definition of “equipment that would have been installed otherwise”: key question open!
 - **Monitoring through sampling**
 - **No discussion of control group or remaining lifetime of equipment**
- **Application limited**
 - Only 2 projects submitted so far, **none for industrial EE**

Submitted baseline methodologies



Multiple methodologies for same project type

Approved baseline methodologies



EE lagging behind!

Approved EE methodologies

- Steam system improvement in refineries
 - Control group approach
 - 5 plants of **same or lower** age
 - **Gas-based cogeneration, modified CO₂ removal system of ammonia plant, water pumping**
 - Historical emissions
 - **Heat recovery-based captive power**
 - Almost accepted. Electricity grid average
 - Recent submissions tend to combine **consolidated additionality test** with the **consolidated renewable electricity methodology**. Problems include:
 - Project boundaries are not clearly defined
 - No control group
 - Often no clear differentiation between retrofit and new capacity

Generation efficiency

- **Gas power plant single cycle – combined cycle (Bolivia, Ghana)**
 - **Historical emissions, combined margin**
- **Gas power plant: new combined cycle (Akhakol, India)**
 - **Combined margin: operating margin 10% worst performers**
 - **No decision taken so far but unlikely to pass**
 - **No submissions done for efficiency improvements of existing / planned coal-fired power plants**
 - **Control group approach could play an important role**

DSM households

- Andijan District Heating Project (Uzbekistan)
 - Rejected due to data problems and issue of suppressed demand/rebound effect
- Energy Efficiency Improvements-Hou Ma District Heating, Shanxi Province (China): not assessed
 - Historical emissions
- Mandatory Energy-Efficiency Standard for Room Air Conditioners (Ghana)
 - Interesting: policy!
 - Sampling of current AC efficiency
- Kuyasa housing (South Africa, SouthSouthNorth)
 - Attempt to define sufficient energy service level

Policies and the baseline

- Policies that **lead to emissions** (e.g. fossil fuel subsidies) can only be taken into account in the baseline if adopted **before 11 December 1997**
- Policies that **support emission-reducing technologies** (e.g. renewables subsidies) adopted **after 11 November 2001** need not be taken into account in the baseline
- It is unclear how this rule impacts on the **additionality** test
 - Will **subsidies not be counted** in the context of the investment analysis to determine whether a project would have been implemented anyway?

Large methodology status

- **Many submissions for EE methodologies**
 - Currently largest category
 - But lag in dealing with them
- **No consolidation of large methodologies in sight**
 - Some tendency to **combine consolidated add. test with renewable electricity meth.**
 - No consistent retrofit vs. new capacity
- **Consolidated additionality test is challenge for project development**
- **Decision on treatment of policies remains to be operationalized**

Ways forward

- Define characteristics of suitable control groups and monitoring samples for household DSM to address issue of remaining lifetime of equipment and rebound effect
 - Policy decision should be taken to neglect rebound effect as it embodies the “development” component of the CDM
- As control groups may not be available for industrial sector due to competitiveness reasons, define standard lifetimes for key equipment classes
 - Disaggregation at regional level?

Ways forward II

- Define **standard payback periods** for different classes of equipment to facilitate additionality test
- Define **efficiency benchmarks** for different equipment types and skip additionality test
 - Suffers from **adverse selection** problems
 - **Trade off** between **aggregation** and **degree of adverse selection**
- Allow **policy** as CDM “project“ as long as it can be monitored and fulfils the payback criteria
 - But: policies **shift CER rents to politicians!**

Workplan

- **WP 1: Lessons of small-scale project EE methodologies for large-scale methodologies**
 - June 2005
- **WP 2: Evaluation of large-scale EE methodology proposals submitted to the EB**
 - June 2005
- **Workpackage 3: Development of priority list of EE methodologies**
 - Based on overall potential of the underlying project types (cost, replicability, sustainability benefits) in CDM host countries
 - July 2005

Workplan II

- **WP 4: Development of three methodologies for the most promising project types**
 - July-September 2005
- **WP 5: Development of dummy PDDs for each methodology unless real projects are available**
 - September-October 2005
- **WP 6: Submit methodologies/PDDs to EB**
 - October-December 2005
- **WP 8: Development of a consolidated methodology**
 - January-March 2006

Thank you!

Further information:

www.hwwa.de/climate.htm

or: climate@hwwa.de