

Targeting Non-CO₂ Climate Forcers for Fast Mitigation to Complement CO₂ Cuts

Limiting warming below 2°C and avoiding abrupt climate change requires fast-action reductions of non-CO₂ climate forcing agents in addition to CO₂, including reductions of f-gases under the Montreal Protocol and UNFCCC regimes, as well as black carbon, tropospheric ozone, and methane, and expanding bio-sequestration.

Hosted by the Federated States of Micronesia and Sweden

Tuesday, 9 June: 18:00 – 19:30
Room: TRAM (Ministry of Transport)

Chair of the Discussion

Durwood Zaelke, Institute for Governance & Sustainable Development

The Need for Urgent Action

Statement from the Federated States of Micronesia

Tipping Points for Abrupt Climate Changes

Durwood Zaelke, Institute for Governance & Sustainable Development

Short-Term Climate Forcers and Their Implications for Exceeding 2°C

Dr. Malte Meinshausen, Potsdam Institute for Climate Impact Research

Climate Benefits of Phasing Down HFCs Under the Montreal Protocol

Mack McFarland, DuPont Fluoroproducts

Climate Mitigation Policy: Bridging the Gap Between the UNFCCC and the Montreal Protocol

Husamuddin Ahmadzai, Swedish Environmental Protection Agency

Taking Fast Action on Black Carbon

Dennis Clare, Institute for Governance & Sustainable Development

Targeting Methane Emissions

Scott Bartos, U.S. EPA Climate Change Division

The Role of Biochar in Drawing Down CO₂ Levels

Debbie Reed, International Biochar Initiative

Question & Answer Session