

Global Smart Grid Initiative: The Korea Case

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Jungkwan Kim

**Deputy Minister
Ministry of Knowledge Economy**



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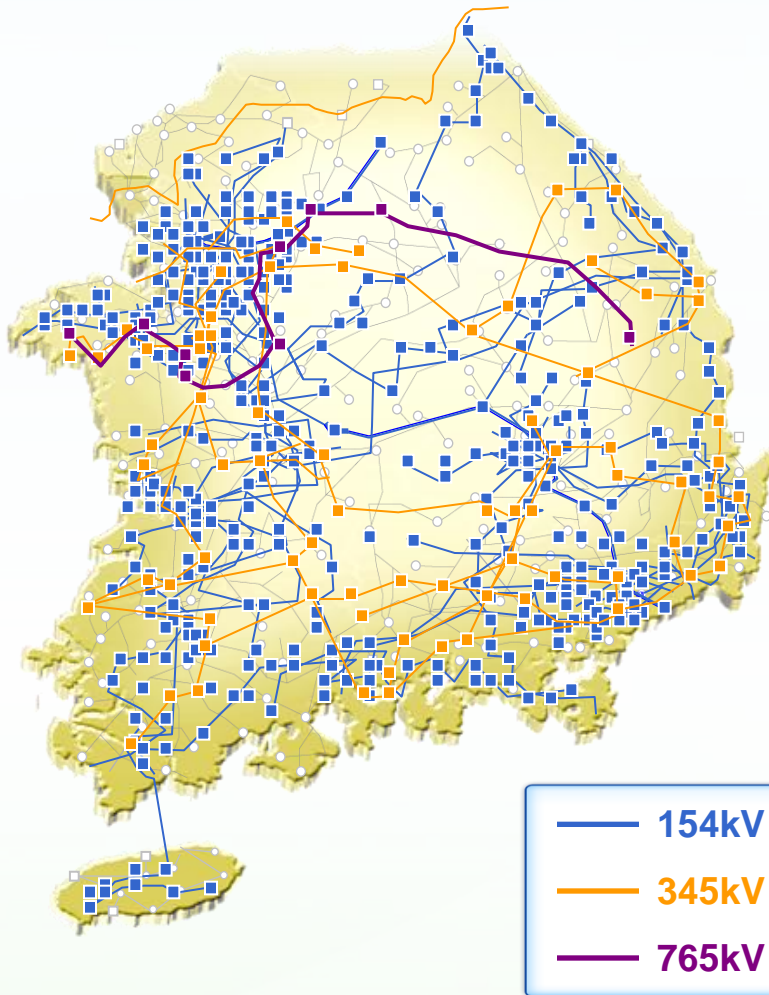


Korea's Electricity Industry Overview



Korea's Electricity Industry Overview

Power System in 2008



● Installed capacity : 72,491MW (12th in the world)

- Output : 422,355GWh
- Peak demand : 62,794MW
- Trading volume : U\$ 24.3 billion

● Electricity Consumption per Capita : 7,607kWh

● Transmission Lines : 29,929 c-Km

● Industry Structure

- Generation : KEPCO affiliates (88%), IPPs(12%)
- T&D, Retail : KEPCO
- RTO : Korea Power Exchange

● Power Quality

- Blackout Hours : 17/m/home/year
- T&D Loss : 4%

Why Smart Grid in Korea?

Vision

Low Carbon, Green Growth Korea

Goals for 2030

Energy
Efficiency

46.7%

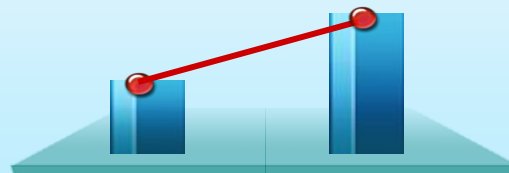


Compared with 2006

Renewables

2.4%

11%

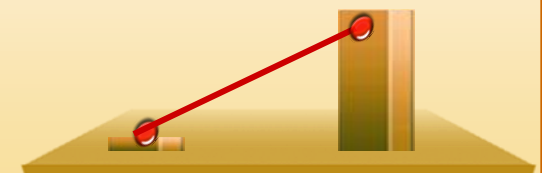


'08 '30
Percent share

PHEV and EVs
Deployment

0

2.4mil



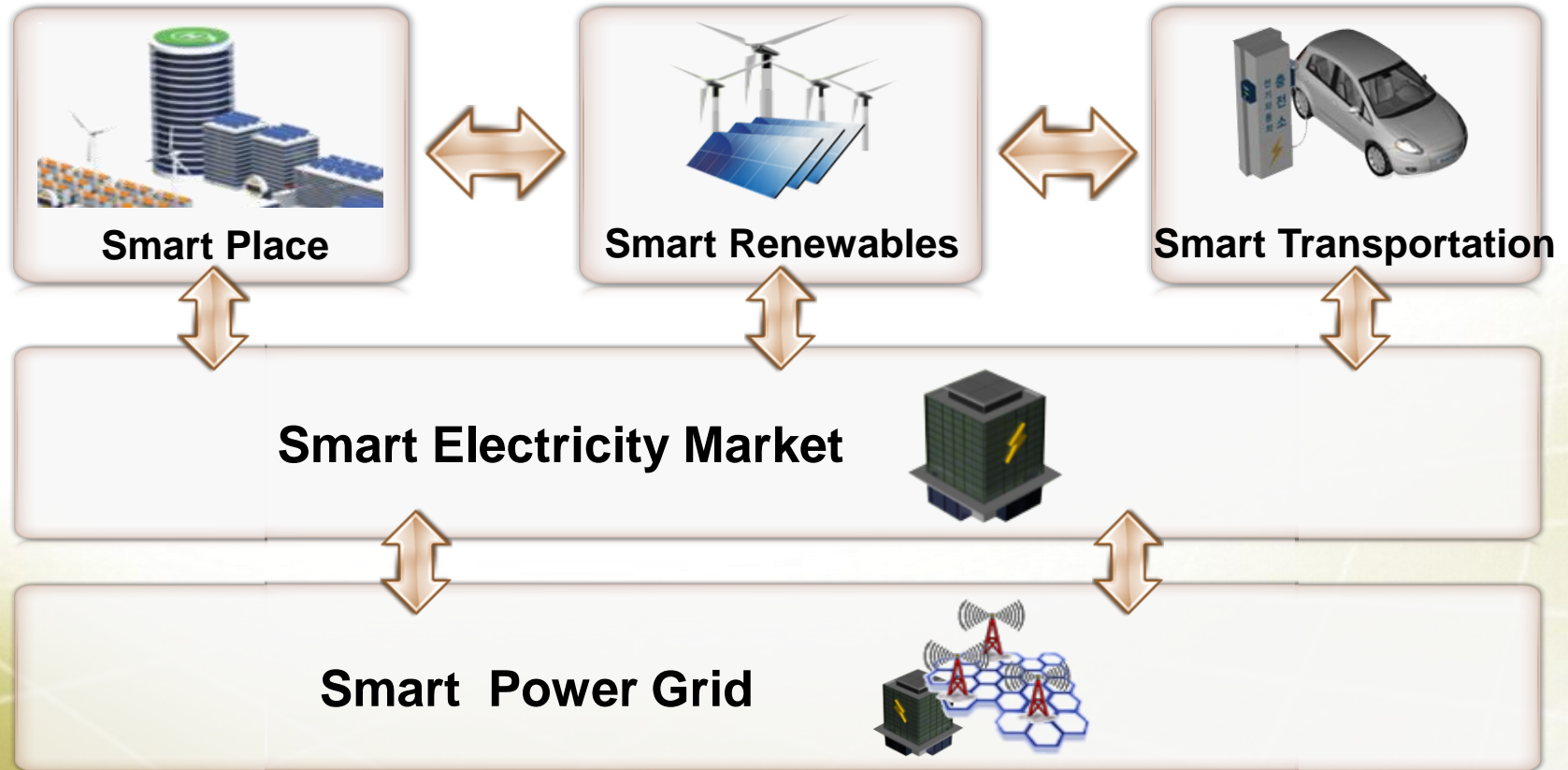
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Numbers

Korea Smart Grid Roadmap



Korean Roadmap : 5 domains

Smart Grid Platform



Roadmap

Key Objectives

**Construction of
a smart green city**

1st phase (2009~2012)

**Expansion of smart city
(Enabling consumer)**

2nd phase (2013~2020)

**Completion of
nationwide Smart Grid**

3rd phase (2021~2030)

Milestones

2010. 1

Jeju Test-bed
Project
commencement

2012. 12

Smart Green city
declaration

2020

100%AMI
penetration

2030

Nationwide
Smart Grid
completed

Jeju Test-bed



Why Test-bed in Jeju Island?



It has potentials to be a carbon free Island.

- Renewable Energy Research Complex (Korea Institute Energy Research)
- Abundant Renewable Energy Resources (Wind power, Solar power etc.)
- Excellent Reliability Separate Power System from Land
- Green & Clean Global Image



Jeju : Future of Green Growth

Jeju Test-bed Overview

Introduction: 5 Domains



Smart Place



Smart Transportation



Smart Renewable



Smart Power Grid



Smart Electricity Market

Key Features

Most advanced
and biggest Test-
bed in the world

Business model
oriented

Up and running
by 2013

US \$ 200 million
project

**Technologies, business models, and standards proven in Jeju
will contribute to international development of Smart Grid**

International Cooperation and MEF



Needs for International cooperation

Smart Grid
as the key driver
for climate change



Climate Change
as a global issue



Smart Grid
as a global issue itself



Interoperability
and
Standards

Failure



Success



Major Economies Forum on Energy and Climate (MEF) and Low-Carbon Technologies

Objectives of TAP (Technology Action Plan)

1. Dramatic increase and coordination of public sector investments in R & D of transformational technologies
2. Drive to aggressively accelerate deployment and transfer of the technologies

“Just no one nation is responsible for climate change, No one nation can Address it alone.” – President Obama-

Transformational Low-Carbon Technology

● Smart Grids



● Buildings Sector Energy efficiency



● Industrial Sector Energy efficiency



● Advanced Vehicles



● Carbon Capture, Use, and Storage



● High-Efficiency and Lower-Emissions Coal



● Wind Energy



● Solar Energy



● Bio-Energy



● Marine Energy

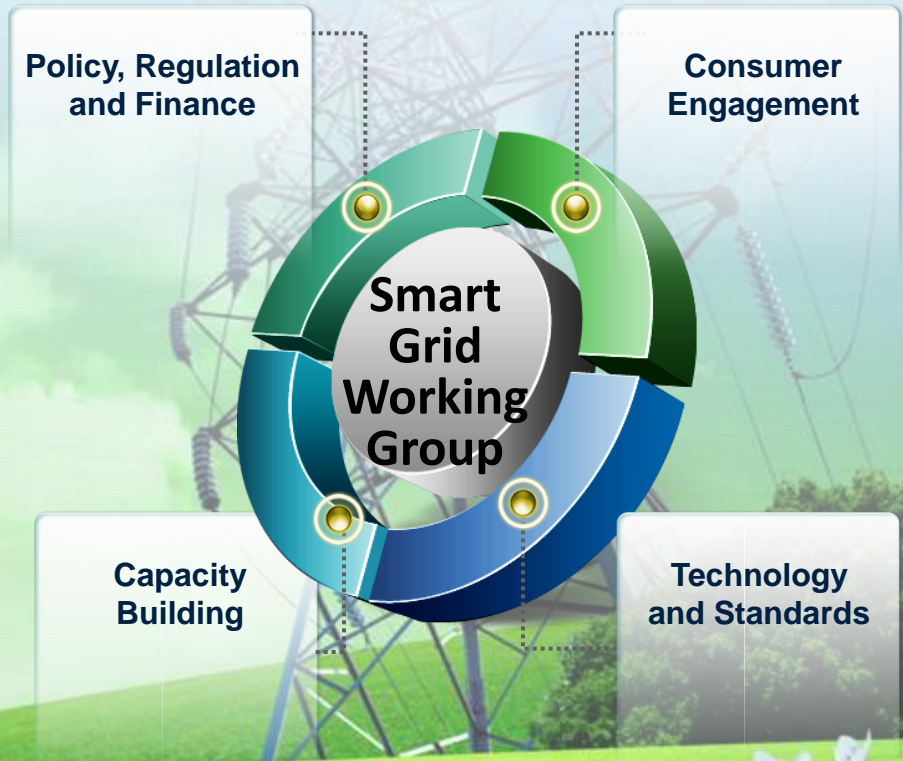


Smart Grid Technology Action Plan – Coordinated or Cooperative Actions

Key Recommendations

- Promote horizontal cross-country/ cross-regional partnerships
- Promote technology and knowledge
- Transfer technology and Knowledge between developing and developed countries

Proposed Smart Grid Working Group and Workstream



Thank you!

