

Second National Communication of Sri Lanka

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Sri Lanka



Sri Lanka



- 65,610km²
- Coast Line 1585 km
- Population 20.45 million (2009)
- Economy US\$ 42Billion (2009)
 - service sector 59%
 - Industry 29%
 - Agriculture 12%

Climate of Sri Lanka

- Monsoon weather pattern
- 3 climatic zone
 - Wet- 2500-5000 mm
 - Intermediate 1750-2500 mm
 - Dry below 1750 mm
- Annual mean surface temperature

Lowlands – 27° C

Highlands –15° C

National Communication in Sri Lanka

- Ratified UNFCCC 1993
- Acceded KP 2002
- Initial National Communication was submitted on 6th November 2000
- Second National Communication was submitted on 16th March 2012

Institutional arrangements

Project management unit

- Thematic consultants key themes
- Thematic working groups
- Separate consultant for compilation
- No permanent team

Impacts, Vulnerability and Adaptation

Temperature variation

- Maximum temperature 0.46 C per decades
- Minimum temperature 0.27 C Per decade
- Projection 1.1- 2.4 C 2100

Rainfall variation

Decreasing trend ranging from 1.5 mm/year to 19 mm/year

Key Adaptation Options

Agriculture

- Varietal development
- Changes in Cropping calendar
- Soil and water conservation methods

Water

Transport water from wet zone – dry zone

Key Adaptation Options Cont.

Health

- Policy measures on improving public health system
- Educating the people

Coastal zone

Relocation of coastal communities/infrastructure

Greenhouse gas inventory

Base year -2000

Revised 1996 guidelines

Tier 1 methodology

Total net emission – 12,588 GgCO_{2eq}

Per capita emission – around 600 kg

Mitigation Measures

Transport (44%)

Fright transport- roads to railways

Power Sector (27%)

- 10% NCRE by 2015

Outcome of the SNC

Awareness Creation

- school children, teachers, government officers, general public
- awareness materials, video documentary on climate change
- website for Climate Change Division as www.climate change.lk

Capacity Building

 Developed the skill on GHG inventory preparation for relevant sectors government officers trough local training programmes

Identified future research needs

New crop varietal development programmes

Challenges

 Inadequate data for GHG Inventory, Mitigation Analysis, vulnerability assessments

 Inadequate technical capacity on GHG inventory preparation, mitigation analysis, vulnerability assessment

Future steps

Preparation of TNC

Capacity building for national communication team

Implementation of identified research needs to fill the data gap

Establishment of Data Base Management System

Establishment of proper mechanism for mainstreaming the national communication outcome into the national development agenda

Specific needs

- Technical and financial support to overcome the existing gaps
- Institutional strengthening

THANK YOU