



#Together4Transparency

8 - 17 November 2022, Sharm el-Sheikh, Egypt



United Nations
Climate Change

COP27
SHARM EL-SHEIKH
EGYPT 2022



“Together4Transparency” unites stakeholders involved in supporting the transition from the existing reporting and review arrangements to the Enhanced Transparency Framework (ETF) of the Paris Agreement.

This 2-week series of events cover a range of transparency issues – from achievements made over the past 30 years, to showcasing successes and best practices, and paving the way for the full implementation of the Paris Agreement.

At COP27, we invite all stakeholders to join us in celebrating the history of transparency as we move toward universal participation in the ETF. Events will be organized in three tracks:

TRACK 1

An evolving
transparency
landscape

TRACK 2

Transparency
perspectives

TRACK 3

Catalysts for
developing country
implementation

***Join us and let's work
#Together4Transparency!***

Key Events

Opening ceremony: #Together4Transparency events

Tuesday 8 November 10:00 - 11:00

Capacity Building Hub

High-Level Event on Transparency

Thursday 10 November 17:00 - 18:00

UNFCCC Pavilion

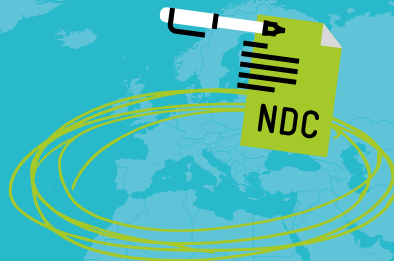
Closing ceremony: #Together4Transparency events

Thursday 17 November 17:00 - 18:00

Capacity Building Hub

For detailed information on all events,
scan the QR or visit
unfccc.int/Together4Transparency





Support to building MRV Systems in Transport

Advancing Transport Climate Strategies Project

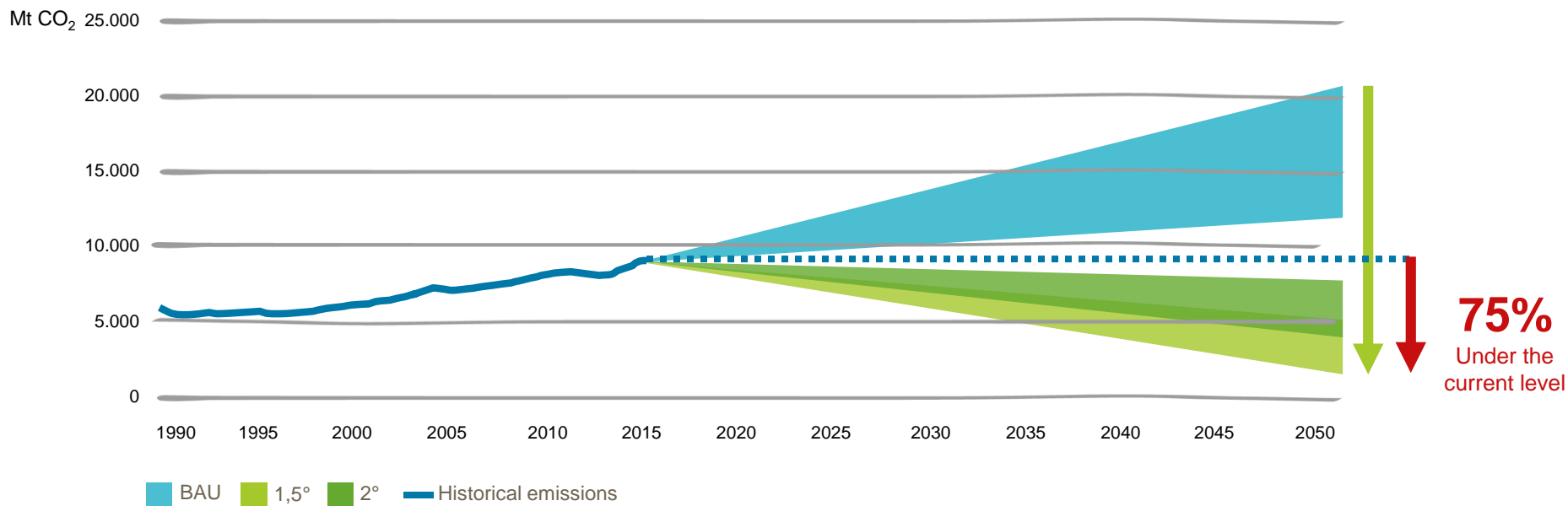
09 Nov | Nadja Taeger

giz Deutsche Gesellschaft
für Internationale
Zusammenarbeit (GIZ) GmbH



Projected emissions and necessary reductions

Total GHG emissions of the Transport Sector in 2018: ca. **8 Gt CO₂**

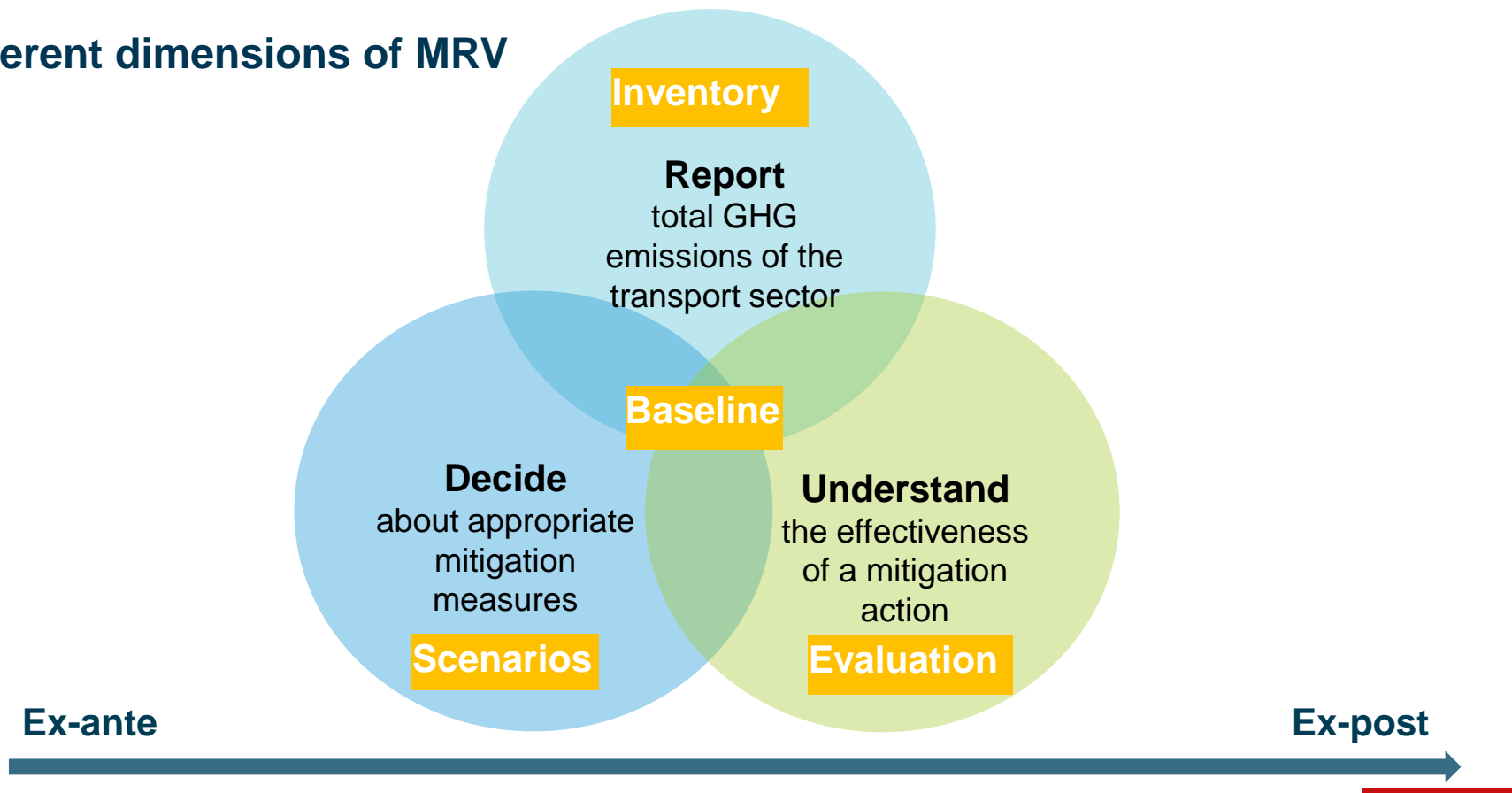


Source: Illustration created by GIZ, historic emissions based on IEA data (2016), projections based on Gota et al. (n.d.) / SLOCAT Knowledge Base

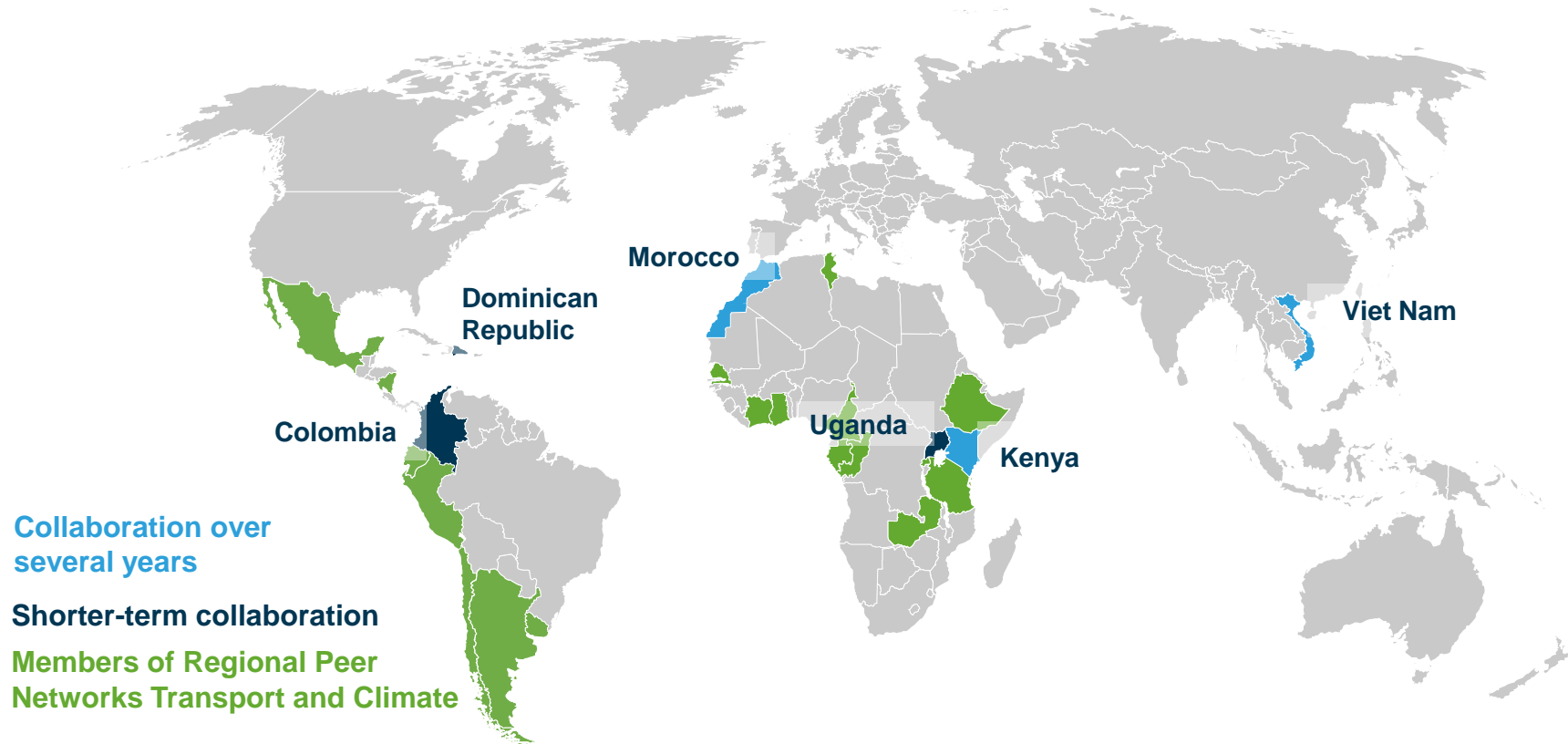
“If you can’t measure it, you cannot improve it”

Lord Kelvin 1824 - 1907

Different dimensions of MRV



Collaboration with transport and environment ministries worldwide



Act Local, Think Global: Two Operational Levels of the Project

NATIONAL LEVEL

In country components



Reliable Data



Building Institutions



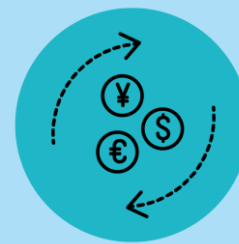
Capacity Building

INTERNATIONAL LEVEL

Jointly with international organizations



Global Outreach & Peer Learning

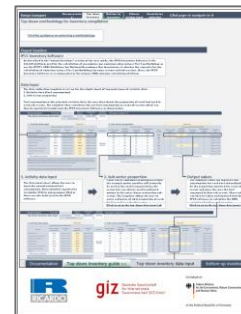


Climate Finance

Supporting transparency in Kenya and Uganda

- Transport Inventory and Greenhouse Gas Emissions Reporting Tool (**TrIGGER**) and data collection template

Subsector: Inland Shipping Country: Kenya Reference Yr: 2020 Go to Top-Down Validation		Description: Waterborne navigation Inland shipping sheet The fuel consumption and GHG emissions of inland waterway navigation are calculated in a bottom-up approach. The total fuel consumption is then the product of: number of ships x average operating hours x average engine power x load factor x engine specific fuel consumption. Total fuel consumption is multiplied with default emission factor to calculate GHG emissions. The data is differentiated by ship category and size class.		Calculation methodology 																																																																																																																																																						
Vessel specifications <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">Transport mode</th> <th rowspan="2">Subtype Vessel</th> <th rowspan="2">Fuel type</th> <th colspan="3">Average engine power</th> </tr> <tr> <th>hp</th> <th>kW</th> <th>Source</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>All</td> <td>All</td> <td>All</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Freight</td> <td>Small cargo boat (3-10m)</td> <td>Diesel Oil</td> <td>15</td> <td>11</td> <td>IED Adv.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Freight</td> <td>Small cargo boat (3-10m)</td> <td>Diesel Oil</td> <td>40</td> <td>29</td> <td>IED Adv.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Freight</td> <td>Small cargo boat (3-10m)</td> <td>Diesel Oil</td> <td>220</td> <td>161</td> <td>IED Adv.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Freight</td> <td>Boat (Shuttles)</td> <td>Diesel Oil</td> <td>220</td> <td>161</td> <td>IED Adv.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Freight</td> <td>Boat (Shuttles)</td> <td>Diesel Oil</td> <td>4,740</td> <td>3,496</td> <td>1,000 40%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Freight</td> <td>Boat (Shuttles)</td> <td>Diesel Oil</td> <td>200</td> <td>147</td> <td>1,000 40%</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		Transport mode	Subtype Vessel	Fuel type	Average engine power			hp	kW	Source	All	All	All				Freight	Small cargo boat (3-10m)	Diesel Oil	15	11	IED Adv.	Freight	Small cargo boat (3-10m)	Diesel Oil	40	29	IED Adv.	Freight	Small cargo boat (3-10m)	Diesel Oil	220	161	IED Adv.	Freight	Boat (Shuttles)	Diesel Oil	220	161	IED Adv.	Freight	Boat (Shuttles)	Diesel Oil	4,740	3,496	1,000 40%	Freight	Boat (Shuttles)	Diesel Oil	200	147	1,000 40%	Activity Data Input <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">Stock</th> <th rowspan="2">Average operating hours</th> <th rowspan="2">Total operating hours</th> <th rowspan="2">Engine Load Factor (%)</th> <th colspan="2">Total engine power (kW)</th> </tr> <tr> <th>h</th> <th>kW</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>107</td> <td></td> <td>2,035</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>33 IED Adv.</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>33 IED Adv.</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>34 IED Adv.</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>1 IED Adv.</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>35</td> <td>40%</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>1 IED Adv.</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>3,000</td> <td>40%</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>1 IED Adv.</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>3,000</td> <td>40%</td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		Stock	Average operating hours	Total operating hours	Engine Load Factor (%)	Total engine power (kW)		h	kW	107		2,035				33 IED Adv.						33 IED Adv.						34 IED Adv.						1 IED Adv.			35	40%		1 IED Adv.			3,000	40%		1 IED Adv.			3,000	40%		Fuel specifications <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Lower heating value</th> <th>Engine specific fuel consumption</th> <th>Vessel specific consumption</th> <th>CO2 emission factor</th> <th>GHG emission factor</th> <th>SO2</th> </tr> <tr> <th>kJ/kg</th> <th>kg/kWh</th> <th>kg/kWh</th> <th>kg/TJ</th> <th>kg/TJ</th> <th>kg/TJ</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>43,000 (PCO 2006)</td> <td>0.17 (BAPU, 2019 0.12 kg/kWh)</td> <td>201 288</td> <td>74,000 (PCO 2006)</td> <td>9,900 (PCO 2006)</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>43,000 (PCO 2006)</td> <td>0.17 (BAPU, 2019 0.12 kg/kWh)</td> <td>501 288</td> <td>74,000 (PCO 2006)</td> <td>9,900 (PCO 2006)</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>43,000 (PCO 2006)</td> <td>0.17 (BAPU, 2019 0.12 kg/kWh)</td> <td>1461 288</td> <td>74,000 (PCO 2006)</td> <td>9,900 (PCO 2006)</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>43,000 (PCO 2006)</td> <td>0.17 (BAPU, 2019 0.12 kg/kWh)</td> <td></td> <td>74,000 (PCO 2006)</td> <td>9,900 (PCO 2006)</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>43,000 (PCO 2006)</td> <td>0.17 (BAPU, 2019 0.12 kg/kWh)</td> <td></td> <td>74,000 (PCO 2006)</td> <td>9,900 (PCO 2006)</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>43,000 (PCO 2006)</td> <td>0.17 (BAPU, 2019 0.12 kg/kWh)</td> <td></td> <td>74,000 (PCO 2006)</td> <td>9,900 (PCO 2006)</td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		Lower heating value	Engine specific fuel consumption	Vessel specific consumption	CO2 emission factor	GHG emission factor	SO2	kJ/kg	kg/kWh	kg/kWh	kg/TJ	kg/TJ	kg/TJ	43,000 (PCO 2006)	0.17 (BAPU, 2019 0.12 kg/kWh)	201 288	74,000 (PCO 2006)	9,900 (PCO 2006)		43,000 (PCO 2006)	0.17 (BAPU, 2019 0.12 kg/kWh)	501 288	74,000 (PCO 2006)	9,900 (PCO 2006)		43,000 (PCO 2006)	0.17 (BAPU, 2019 0.12 kg/kWh)	1461 288	74,000 (PCO 2006)	9,900 (PCO 2006)		43,000 (PCO 2006)	0.17 (BAPU, 2019 0.12 kg/kWh)		74,000 (PCO 2006)	9,900 (PCO 2006)		43,000 (PCO 2006)	0.17 (BAPU, 2019 0.12 kg/kWh)		74,000 (PCO 2006)	9,900 (PCO 2006)		43,000 (PCO 2006)	0.17 (BAPU, 2019 0.12 kg/kWh)		74,000 (PCO 2006)	9,900 (PCO 2006)	
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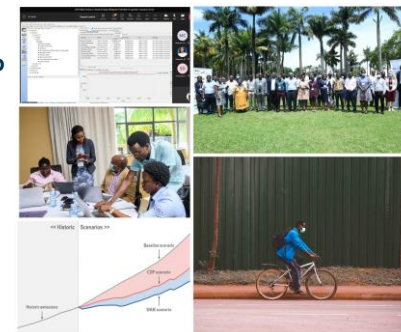


- Assessing the mitigation potential of transport climate actions in Uganda

- Collation of transport data, modelling emissions, training ministry officials in the use of LEAP

- Morocco:

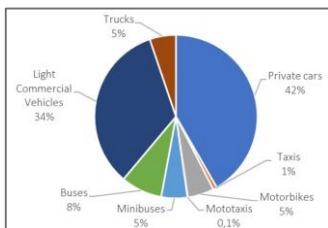
- Capacity and institution building on transparency and MRV
- Development of vehicle database for bottom-up calculations
- NDC support (modelling and advisory)



Support activities in Colombia and the Dominican Republic

Dominican Republic

- Compilation of GHG inventory for transport
- Participatory development of scenarios
- Training series on data collection, GHG quantification methodologies, scenario building etc.



Colombia

- Development of MRV guidelines for all 7 transport measures of the Colombian NDC



Ecuación 1

$$ECO_{2e,i,l} = \sum_{OD} \sum_c Cl_{c,l} \cdot FE_{CO2e,c}$$

Tabla 5. Definición de los términos de la Ecuación 1.

Término	Significado	Unidades en SI	Tipo de información
$ECO_{2e,i,l}$	Emisiones de dióxido de carbono equivalente en el año (i) de la operación de las locomotoras (l).	Toneladas	Cálculo
$Cl_{c,l}$	Consumo total de combustibles de las locomotoras (l), por tipo de combustible (c), en el año i, para todas las que hacen parte de la medida, en cada par origen-destino ¹ .	terajulios/año	Registro (se presentan diferentes metodologías posibles para la medición y estimación de esta variable más adelante en esta sección)
OD	Se refiere a los pares origen-destino (OD) para el transporte de carga por tren.	O.A	Registro
$FE_{CO2e,c}$	Factor de emisión (FE) de dióxido de carbono equivalente del energético (c).	toneladas CO _{2e} /terajulio	Estos factores deberán ser los mismos que se utilizan para el inventario nacional de emisiones. Se provee valor por defecto en este documento (ver método de cálculo de CO _{2e} en la Página 10).



Trainings

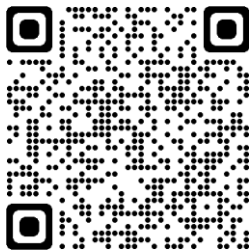
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What role does transport play in NDCs and LTS?

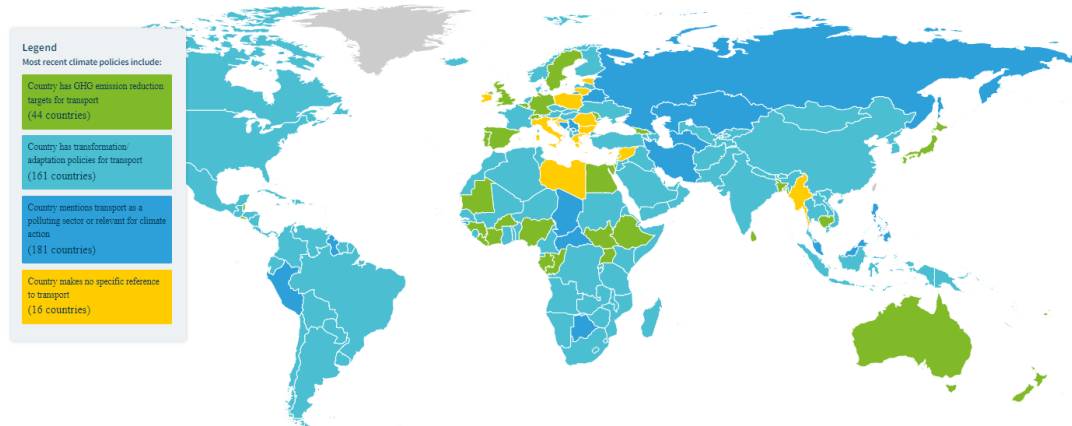
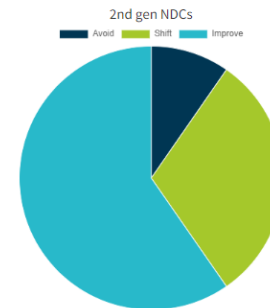
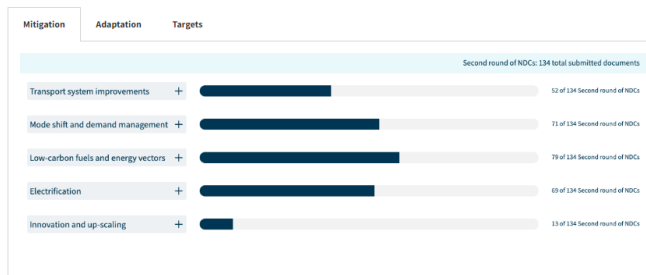
Open-source database

- Up-to-date overview of all available NDCs and long-term strategies
- Filter options according to regions, measures, targets, subsectors etc.

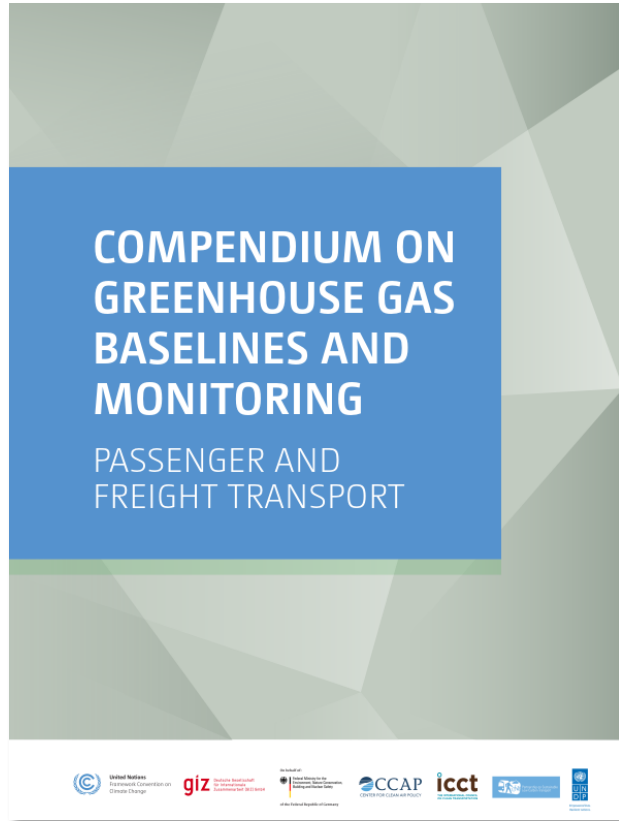
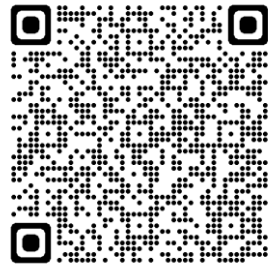
⇒ Tracker of Climate Strategies for Transport



www.changing-transport.org
CHANGING TRANSPORT
Facilitating climate actions in mobility



Methodological support: Transport Volume of the UNFCCC Compendium



1. Intra-urban mass rapid transit investments
2. Comprehensive urban transport programmes
3. Vehicle efficiency improvement programmes
4. Alternative fuels incentives
5. Inter-urban rail infrastructure
6. Freight transport infrastructure investments to shift mode
7. National fuel economy standards
8. Pricing policies
9. Urban freight (new!)
10. Ride hailing (new!)

Thank you for your attention

Get in touch!



@giztransport (Twitter)



www.changing-transport.org

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