



Sustainable Energy to Iron industry

CEBDS 10th November 2006



Plantar Group: a history of success...

The Plantar
Group operates
6 different
activities related
to the forestry
industry: from
the production
of sprouts up to

carbon credits...

In February 1967, Plantar started a new concept in the forest-based industry, leading to the establishment of the Plantar Group:

1967 - Forestry Management Services

1967 - Production and commercialization of sprouts (*Own forests, managed forests & third parties'*).

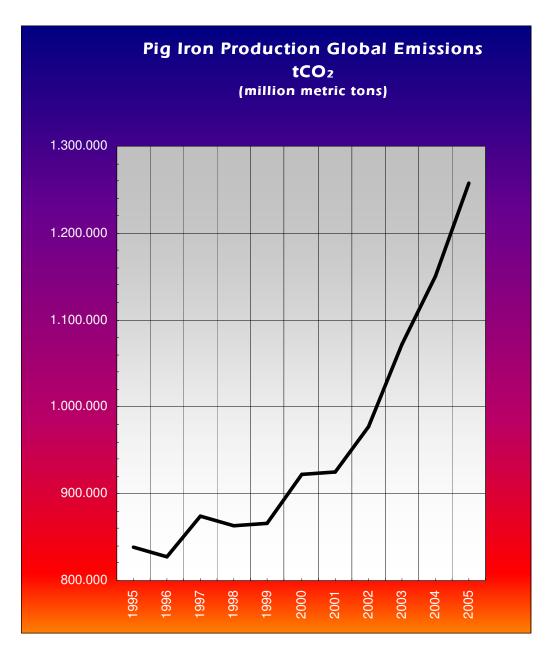
1985 - Pig Iron Production (*domestic and foreign markets*)

1993 - Charcoal for barbecue - Brazilian's 1st final product certified by FSC (domestic and foreign markets)

1998 – Conception of the Carbon Credits Project (Clean Development Mechanism)

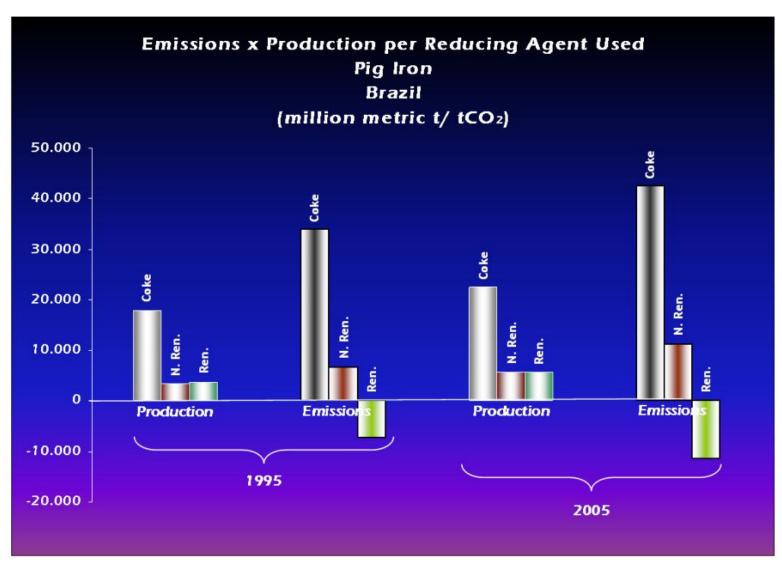
2005 - Wood Poles

Baseline Assessment





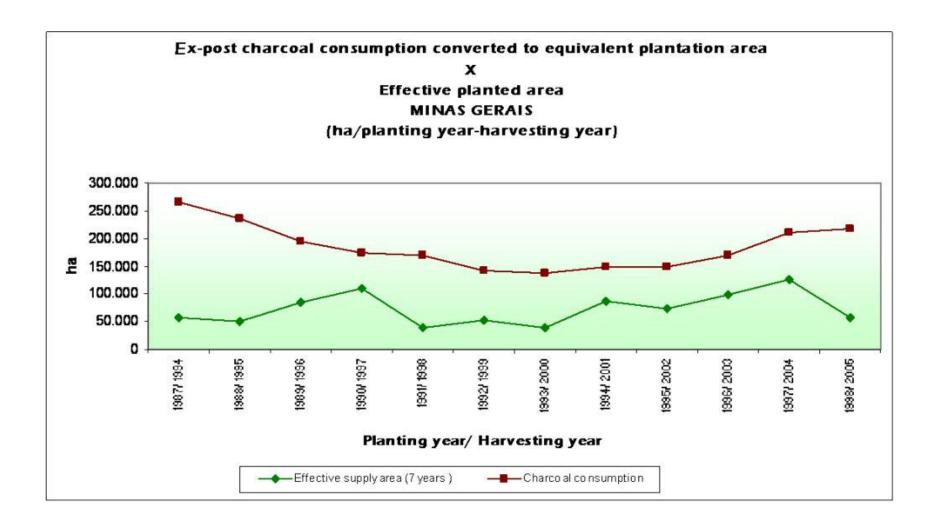
Baseline Assessment



Source: AMS/ Sindifer



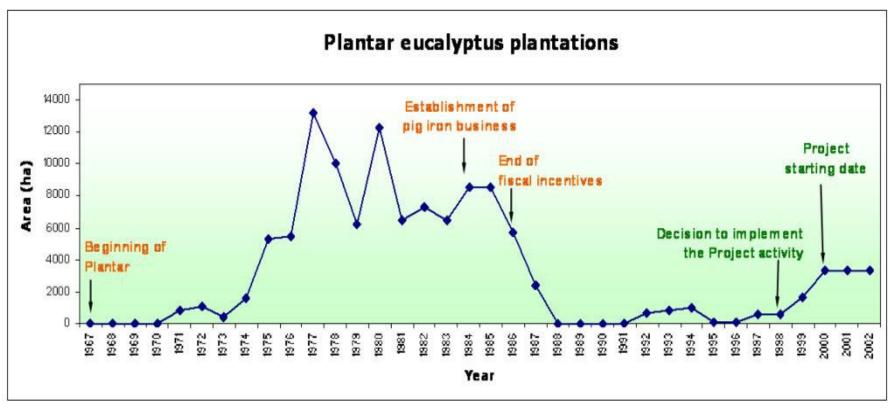
Baseline assessment



Source: AMS/ Plantar



Additionality Assessment



Source: Plantar



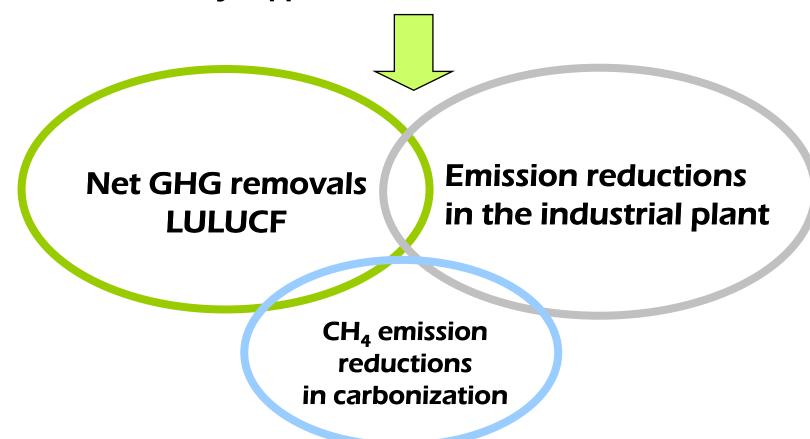
Project's timeline

- 1998 Conception
- 1999 Aspen Forum presentation (São Roque/SP)
- 2000 Non-objection letter by Brazilian Government
- 2001 Signing of the Letter of Intention with PCF PCF's Investors Comittee approval
- 2002 Signing of ERPA with PCF
- 2002 Project's partial validation by DNV
- 2003 Signing of LA with Rabobank
- 2003 Initial Verification (Part I)
- 2005 Initial Verification (Part II Conclusion)
- Oct/2006 "A" rate for the carbonization activity methodology
- 2007 Other two methodologies and PDDs' approval
 - Validation conclusion



Project Scenario

Establishment of planted forests for sustainable pig iron production, totally supplied with renewable charcoal



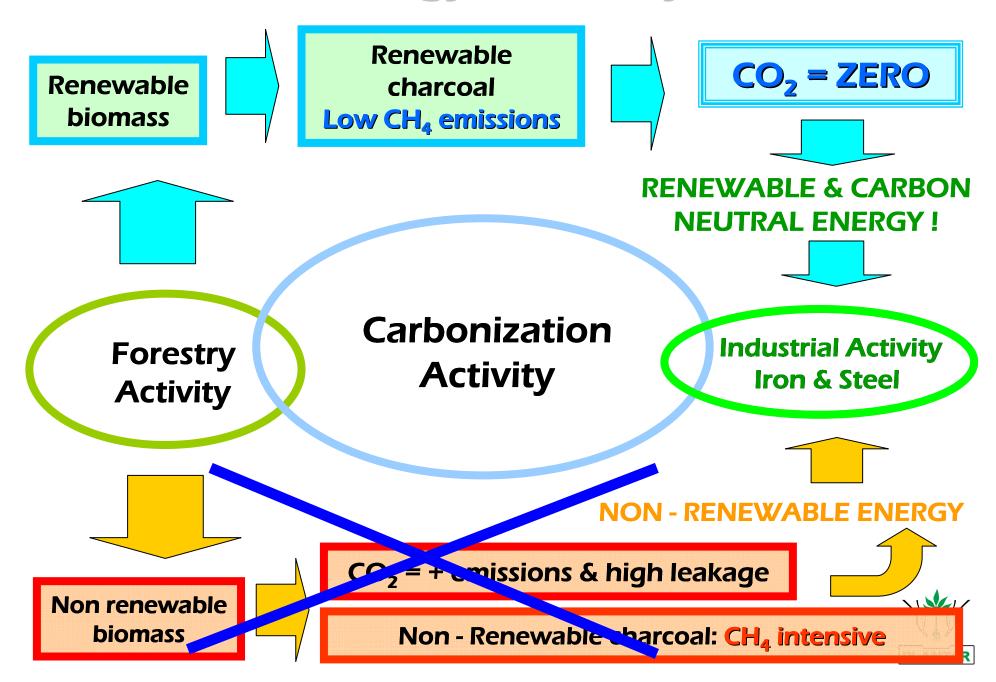
Integrated benefits to the climate



The Project Activities

Project Activity	<u>Baseline</u>	<u>Project</u>	Additional benefits to the climate	
Plantation Establishment (Decision 19/CP.9)	Pastureland	New planted forests	Net CO ₂ removals/ additional carbon stock	
Improved carbonization process	Charcoal production with high levels of methane emissions	Charcoal production with low levels of methane emissions	CH ₄ emission reductions	
Sustainable iron reduction	Pig iron production based on non-renewable biomass or coal coke	Pig iron production based on charcoal from planted forests	CO ₂ emission reductions	
Cerrado restoration	Pastureland	Cerrado	470 ha	

Energy Efficiency



Current Status

- Methodology for CH_4 Emission Reductions in the Carbonization Process: "A" rated (Executive Board 27 meeting): AM 0041;
- Forestry Methodology: submitted and preliminarily rated "B" (waiting for the A/R WG's review)
- Industrial Methodology: being developed...



Project Numbers*

- Forestry activity: average stock of 4,5 million tCO₂e, in 28 years credits to be claimed in accordance with the t'CER approach (2001-2029)
- Industrial activity: 7,9 million tCO₂e, in 21 years (2008-2029)
- Credits negotiated with PCF: 1,5 million tCO₂e
- PCF Transaction value: US\$ 5,3 million
- 1,200 direct employment
 - Project numbers can be affected by changes in regulations and methodology submissions



Applicability of the Methodology

- As a source of renewable energy in several industries:
 - Iron & steel, heating, lime, ceramics, cement;
- As a source of renewable raw materials:
 - Furniture industry, civil construction, replacement of plastic appliances, etc.
 - Domestic use: firewood
- Possibility of integration with industrial-based projects (Decision 17/CP.7);
- Stimulates the incorporation of several sustainable development indicators in forestry-based plantations.

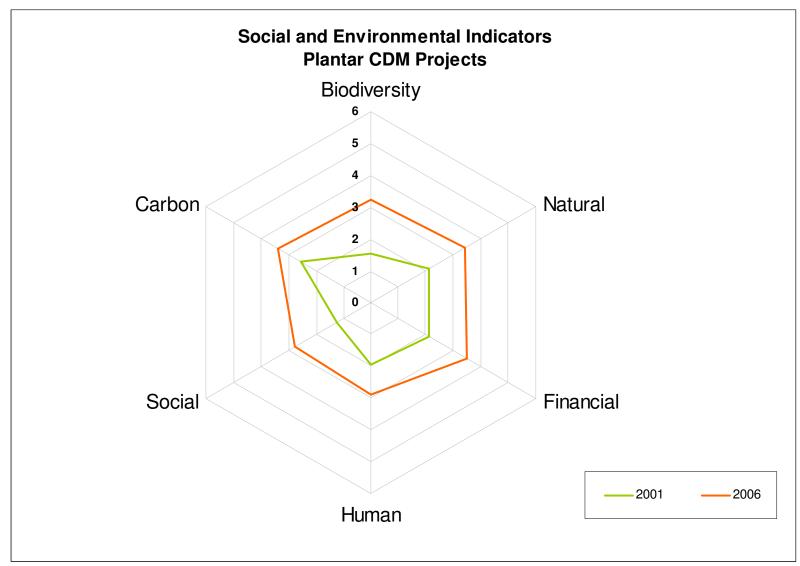


Social and Environmental Indicators

Resources	2001	2005	Indicators	# of indicators	Weight	2001 Index	2006 Index
Biodiversity		3	1. Flora and Fauna Local Information	4	0,8	1	4
			1.2 Endangered Species		0,7	2	5
	2		1.3 Protected Areas Conservation Integrity		0,9	3	5
			1.4 Use of Biodiversity by stakeholders community		0,6	2	3
Natural Resources		3	2.1 Project's total protected area	4	0,7	3	5
	2		2.2 Protected Areas Connectivity		0,9	2	4
			2.3 Soil Conservation and Soil Management		0,6	3	5
			2.4 Water Quality and Quantity		0,9	3	4
Financial Resources	2	4	3.1 Increase of Government taxes collection	2	0,6	3	5
	2		3.2 Development of local market		0,8	3	5
Human Resources 2			4.1 Quality of working conditions	6	0,6	3	4
			4.2 Illiteracy		0,7	4	5
	_		4.3 Education		0,6	3	.5
	2	3	4.4 Safety (Work)		0,8	2	3
			4.5 Health (Work)		0,8	2	4
			4.6 Leisure Access		0,7	3	4
Social Resources		3	5.1 Social Management	5	0,9	2	4
	nene.		5.2 Community and local stakeholders relationship		0,8	2	4
	1		5.3 Social and Development Support		0,7	2	4
			5.4 Selection and Support to social projects		0,8	1	4
			5.5 Suppliers Relations		0,5	1	2
Carbon	3	3	6.1 Transactions Costs	. 3	0,7	1	3
			6.2 CDM Eligibility		0,7	6	5
			6.3 Social and Environmental benefits from the projects implementation		0,9	3	5



Social and Environmental Indicators







Support to neighboring communities

- Restoration and conservation of local roads
- Support to regional events
- Constant dialog with community leaders



Internal projects and campaigns

- · Health Week
- Trainings, labor gym
- Support to day care nurseries
- Employee discounts network













Projects to raise local income

 Local Producers Market (Curvelo)

 Brown sugar factory (Nova)

Apiculture (Felixlândia)





Other projects

- Gardens and kitchen gardens
- · "Estética Interiorana"
- Children's art (www.aviva.com.br)











Monitoring of water quality



10 monitoring points checked quarterly. In each station, 43 parameters are analyzed (physical, chemical and bacteriological parameters)

Monitoring of biodiversity



Cerrado: initial regeneration phase



Cerrado: advanced regeneration



Monitoring of Biodiversity – Flora & Avifauna

Purpose: to monitor local biodiversity

Flora: phytosociological structure (each 5 years)

Average # of species: 237 / Endangered species: 4

Avifauna: communitarian structure (each 2 years)

Average # of species/ avifauna: 168; Mammals: 34 Endangered species (mammals & avifauna): 14



Maned wolf -Felixlândia/ MG





"Tamanduá-bandeira" Felixlândia e Morada Nova de Minas/MG









Euterpe edulis "palmito verdadeiro"



Cattleya walkeriana orchid



Duquetia furfuracea "araticum seco"





"Love the Rhea" Project

"Not all Wolves are

big bad Wolves"

Project





Certification



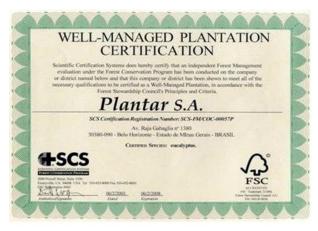
ISO 9001-2000 Plantar S/A



ISO 14001 Plantar Siderúrgica



ISO 9001-2000 Plantar Siderúrgica



FSC - Forest Stewardship Council



Abrinq - Plantar S/A e Siderúrgica



THANK YOU!



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