# MOEJ/GEC Feasibility Study Programme on NAMAs

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## MOEJ/GEC Feasibility Study (FS) Programme

- Global Environment Centre Founation (GEC) serves as the secretariat of the FS Programme, commissioned by the Ministry of the Environment, Japan (MOEJ).
  - FS Programme on CDM & JI: 1999 present
  - FS Programme on New Mechanisms: began in 2010
- FS proposals are invited from Japanese private entities and NGOs.

# Objectives of New Mechanism FS Programme

- To acquire useful information based on concrete projects/activities (*case studies*)
- To disseminate FS results to create shared visions on New Mechanisms among Parties and other stakeholders
- To provide possible proposals to establish MRV criteria/standards
- To consider what options to generate transferable carbon credits are feasible and acceptable
- To promote discussions on ways to mobilise public funding and private investment into climate change mitigation measures

## **Agenda of Feasibility Studies**

- FS is conducted by Japanese private entity/NGO, collaborated with host country partners, under the following agenda:
  - Survey current practices and existing and future policies and strategies in host country
  - Collect existing necessary data; acquire data not archived
  - Consider the Reference Scenario as well as BaU and/or alternative baseline scenarios, and propose options to set up Reference Scenario in host country
  - Consider how to monitor GHG emission reductions
  - Investigate how to ensure MRV of GHG emission reductions
  - Provide possible inputs/literature to promote international negotiations on New Mechanisms

## NAMA FS 2010 (on-going)

- 3 NAMA Feasibility Studies selected through public call for proposals process are being undertaken from August 2010.
  - FS for NAMA in Waste & Wastewater
    Management Sector in Thailand
  - FS on Transportation NAMA in Lao PDR
  - FS on NAMA for Sustainable Peatland Management in Indonesia

#### NAMA FS: Waste & Wastewater Management Sector in Thailand

Proposed methodology for developing NAMA Plans and selecting Priority NAMA Projects:

"Seven Steps for NAMA Planning"

Step 1: Review related policies/plans and the progress in NAMA sector

**Step 2: Set reference scenarios in the NAMA sector** 

**Step 3: Set 'NAMA Targets' in the NAMA Sector** 

**Step 4: Develop Priority NAMA Projects in the NAMA Sector** 

**Step 5: Establish MRV methodologies for NAMA Plans** 

#### **NAMA** Plan

**Step 6: Identify possible financial resources for implementing NAMA plans** 

**Step 7: Consider possible schedule for implementing NAMA plans** 

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#### NAMA FS: Waste & Wastewater Management Sector in Thailand

<Possible Options> for example...

- Municipal solid wastes  $\rightarrow$  **NOT** open dumping
  - Introduction of semi-aerobic treatment methods
  - Composting of organic wastes
  - Introduction of incinerators (for mega-cities)
- Organic wastewater  $\rightarrow$  **NOT** open lagoon
  - Utilisation of methane recovered through anaerobic digesters

#### NAMA FS: Transportation in Lao PDR

- Based on Vientiane Urban Transport Master Plan:
  - Road Network Development
    (e.g. expansion of road width)
  - Public Transport Development (e.g. introduction of BRT system)
  - Traffic Management & Safety (e.g. construction of traffic lights)



#### reduce total traffic volume and GHG emissions

• Estimate existing and future traffic volume through simulation with models

 $\rightarrow$  traffic volume reduction = GHG reduction

## NAMA FS: Peatland Management in Indonesia

Reduction of Peatland CO2 Emissions

due to decomposition and fires caused by manmade canals in Sumatra.



CO2 emission due to degradation and fire of dried peatland

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#### **Expected outcomes from NAMA FS**

- Identified and collected necessary data or specified way(s) to estimate/calculate GHG emissions in the surveyed area/sector
- GHG mitigation effects achieved through implementation of proposed NAMAs
- Proposed reference scenario set for the surveyed area/sector in host country
- Quantified GHG reductions, with reasonable monitoring procedures to be established (=M)
- Trustable reporting process (=R)
- Possible verification functions at domestic/ international level (=V)
- Enhanced capacity in host country (gov. and private)

# THANK YOU!

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