

About the Center for Climate and Energy Solutions

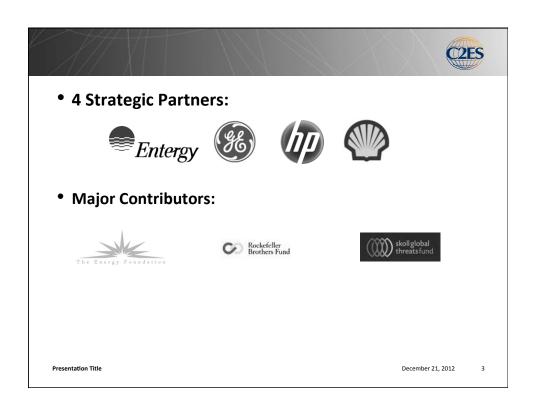




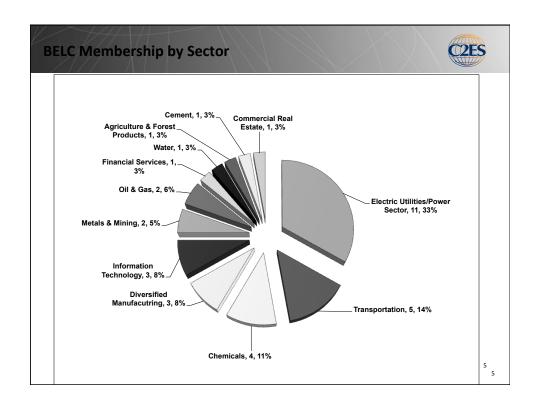


- Founded in 1998 as the Pew Center on Global Climate Change
- Transitioned to C2ES in November 2011
- Remain an independent, nonpartisan, nonprofit organization working to advance strong policy and action to address the twin challenges of energy and climate change
- Our areas of expertise include:
 - Policy analysis (state, federal, and international)
 - Innovative technology solutions
 - Climate science (impacts, adaptation, communication)
 - Business engagement

resentation Title December 21, 2012







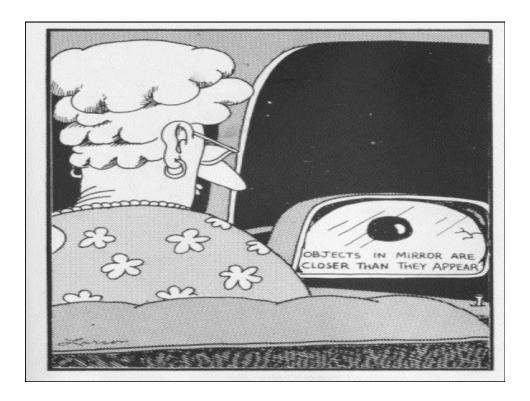
The Center Formerly Known As... PEWCENTER FOR CLIMATE CENTER FOR CLIMATE AND ENERGY SOLUTIONS The Center was originally founded in 1998 to provide credible information, straight answers and innovative solutions to address global climate change. As of November 9, the Pew Center is operating under a new name: The Center for Climate and Energy Solutions (C2ES) Our areas of expertise include:

• Policy analysis (state, federal, and international)

• Climate science (impacts, adaptation, communication)

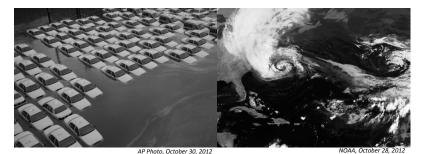
• Innovative technology solutions

• Business engagement



The climate is changing ...





- Months of drought in the U.S. in 2012 could cost economy \$50 billion over the next year.
- Worldwide, losses from floods, droughts, heat waves helped push the cost of weather disasters in 2011 to an estimated \$150 billion, up roughly 25 percent from 2010.
- Heaviest flooding in 50 years in Thailand devastated farms, automotive and electronics plants in 2011. Combined estimates from insurers put total cost of Thai floods at \$15 to \$20 billion.

Sources: Wells Fargo, National Geographic, The Guardian

85% of S&P Global 100 companies identify current or future physical risks to their business from climate change Top 5 Current or Expected Impacts from a Changing Climate Reduction/disruption in production capacity Increased operational cost Inability to do business Reduced demand for goods/services Increased capital cost Sources: company annual financial filings, CDP 2011 responses, and sustainability reports

S&P Global 100—Examples of Preliminary Findings



What's being done?

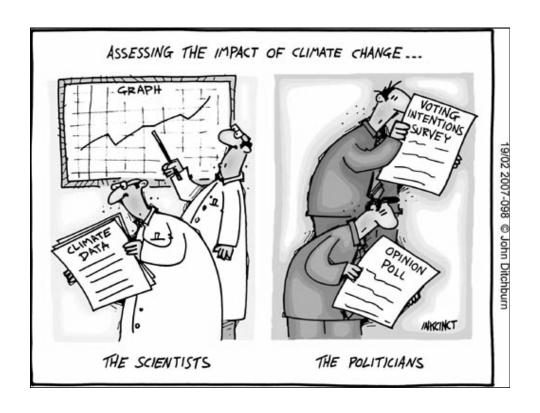
- 66%—describe managing physical climate change risks as part of conventional business continuity or risk management plans
- 21% have changed or upgraded equipment or infrastructure
- 21% have conducted vulnerability assessments for all operations or for key sites
- 17% emphasized or adjusted re-insurance levels for weather-related or natural disaster risks

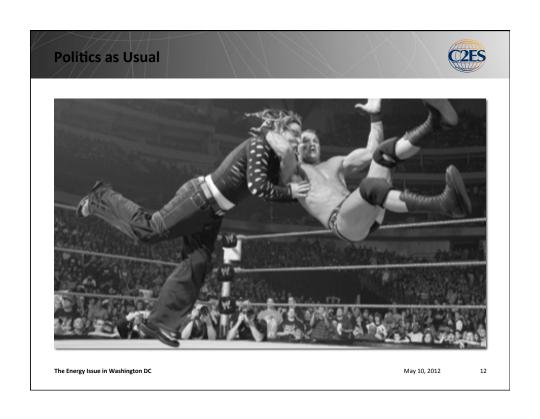
Yet...

- 11% of companies acknowledged potential impacts on their business, but do not consider them to be significant
- 8% of companies identify "uncertainty" as a significant barrier to action

Sources: company annual financial filings, CDP 2011 responses, and sustainability reports

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EPA Climate Leadership Awards





- Partners: EPA, The Climate Registry, and Association of Climate Change Officers
- Recognition categories:
 - GHG management (goal setting and goal achievement)
 - Organizational leadership
 - Supply chain leadership
- 20 companies awarded this year; applications doubled for next year
- The good news: in the absence of policy in the U.S., there is still corporate interest in moving the climate needle

